Miami County, Ohio



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



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ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Prepared by:
Jeremie Hittle
Treasurer



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Introductory Section



215 Looney Road • Piqua, Ohio 45356-2411 (937) 773-4321



Treasurer's Office: phone (937) 778-4512 fax (937) 778-4518

December 21, 2022

Board of Education Members and Citizens of the Piqua City School District:

As the Superintendent and Treasurer of the Piqua City School District (the District), we are pleased to submit to you this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) issued by the District. This ACFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and in conformance with standards of financial reporting established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) using guidelines recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA).

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the District. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position, results of operations and cash flows, where applicable, of the various funds of the District. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the District's financial activities have been included.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Piqua City School District's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

THE DISTRICT AND ITS FACILITIES

The District serves an area of approximately 55 square miles in and around the City of Piqua. It is located in Miami County in the Southwestern part of the state, comprising the City of Piqua, Washington Township and Springcreek Township, and is residential, agricultural and industrial. It has a diversified industrial base with over 90 industries and 1,000,000 square feet of commercial space. The City of Piqua is a community of 21,159 people, 45 churches and 200 businesses and manufacturers. It is located on Interstate 75, 50 miles south of Lima, Ohio and 20 miles north of Dayton, Ohio, near the intersection of Interstate 75 and Interstate 70, a significant road intersection in the Midwestern part of the United States.

The District provides a full range of education programs and services to 3,350 students. These include elementary and secondary curriculum offerings at the general, college preparatory, and vocational levels, a broad range of co-curricular and extracurricular activities, gifted, and special education services. In addition, the District provides state-financed assistance to non-public schools located within its boundaries. This assistance is accounted for in a special revenue fund. The non-public school operations have not met the established criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity and, accordingly, are excluded from this report.

Letter of Transmittal For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The District's facilities include 2 primary schools (grades K through 3), 1 intermediate school (grades 4 through 6), 1 junior high school (grades 7 through 8), one high school (grades 9 through 12), an administrative building and several athletic complexes.

The Board of Education of the Piqua City School District (the Board) is a five-member elected body, as defined by Section 3313.02, Ohio Revised Code. The Board serves as the taxing authority, contracting body, policy maker, and ensures that all other general laws of the State of Ohio are followed in the expenditure of the District's tax dollars and approves the annual appropriation resolution and tax budget.

Good schools are important to the quality of life in Piqua and also to maintaining property values. But beyond these considerations, the educational program itself is of primary importance.

It is therefore appropriate to review briefly some quality indicators because they are the foundation on which our programs are built.

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT -- Piqua City School District K-12 curriculum is based on the Ohio Academic Content Standards, Ohio Model Curriculum and national standards from respective content areas. Periodic needs assessments, curriculum audits as well as legislative and State Department of Education recommendations help guide the work of the curriculum department to provide a comprehensive curriculum that is aligned with Ohio Academic Content Standards. Early childhood standards and extended state standards are the basis for educating our most at risk students. Curriculum that focuses on greater depth of knowledge and higher level thinking skills are the basis of rigor and challenge for our Tier I instruction as well as for our gifted and talented students. At all levels, opportunities for intervention and enrichment are embedded in our curriculum. Unique electives, STEM related courses, Success Bound courses, and the use of technology provide opportunities for our students to collaborate and develop college and career path readiness skills.

INSTRUCTION MATERIALS -- Piqua City Schools uses a blended model of instructional materials. Traditional printed materials, manipulatives for problem solving, online supplemental resources and standards based common assessments to support instruction with in-person and remote learners. Online digital platforms are available at the secondary level for credit recovery. Piqua City Schools follows the Ohio Department of Education's Materials Matter guidelines when reviewing and implementing instructional materials and programs.

STAFF DEVELOPMENT -- Professional development is planned to meet staff needs at the District, building, and classroom levels. Designated days during the school year are used for professional development focused on specific district initiatives identified in our strategic plan, district goals, mandated training required of all staff or in our District Comprehensive Needs Assessment. Building level teams and grade level teams use common planning time to focus on content specific, data driven, best practice professional development. We have a Student Success Team consisting of a director and ten academic coaches who provide embedded, individualized professional learning in both Language Arts and Mathematics instruction for our kindergarten through eighth grade teachers. Coaches also provide support to grade and content area teams to teacher-based teams using the five Step Improvement Process with a focus on evidenced based instructional strategies. Behavior coaches have been added to elementary classrooms as well to embed training opportunities for staff to learn how to support students with social-emotional and behavioral needs. Individual staff members are encouraged to participate in a variety of adult learning opportunities. Individual learning opportunities can be self-selected or principal directed to address needs identified through the teacher evaluation process.

Letter of Transmittal For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

These include district sponsored sessions utilizing and sharing the expertise of our own staff members, sessions offered by our regional educational service centers or conferences and sessions offered by organizations or experts in the field.

All professional development is designed to meet staff and student needs and to improve student performance. All professional development adheres to the standards for High Quality Professional Development as outlined by the Ohio Department of Education and is evaluated by the staff and administration prior to attendance and after to ensure direct alignment to District goals to ensure success. The district follows the Ohio Improvement Process with Teacher, Building and District level teams that function to review student evidence and identify best practices in instruction.

INTERVENTION AND SPECIAL PROGRAMS -- The Piqua City Schools recognizes its responsibility to identify students who are not meeting grade level growth benchmarks. The Piqua City School District has developed Response to Intervention (RTI) teams at each grade level in order to provide appropriate intervention for students identified with learning gaps. Students in the Piqua City School District are assessed using Ohio State Tests (OST), AIMSweb, and ODE approved vendor Pro-Core along with staff-developed assessment measures. The RTI teams complete careful data analysis in order to create needed student intervention plans, lesson plans and progress monitoring assessments to guide the process. Students are moved through appropriate interventions as skills are learned. The RTI process contributes to a more meaningful identification of learning and behavioral disabilities, improves instruction quality, and provides all students with the best opportunity to succeed in school.

GIFTED AND TALENTED PROGRAMMING AND ADVANCED PLACEMENT COURSES --

The Piqua City School District recognizes its responsibility to provide appropriate programming for its identified gifted and talented students. The program provides enrolled students with extended opportunities for advanced thinking skills development and independent research. The gifted services continuum begins with screening for eligibility as outlined by the Ohio Department of Education. Once identified, students are provided services through a Written Education Plan that is updated yearly. Gifted services may include, but are not limited to; whole-class instruction, small group instruction, independent studies, honors courses, and advanced placement coursework at the elementary, intermediate, junior high, and high school levels. Currently, Piqua High School offers AP courses in Art, Biology, Calculus, Chemistry, English Language and Composition, English Literature and Composition, US Government, World History, and College Credit Plus courses through Wright State University and Edison State Community College.

COLLEGE CREDIT PLUS -- Starting in the 7th grade, students attending the Piqua City Schools can take advantage of earning college credit through the concurrent enrollment program at Piqua High School. Students may take college courses within the high school or a public college. Students from public secondary schools who attend a public college are not required to pay for college course tuition, instructional tools, fees, or supplies. The postsecondary institution must waive fees for these students and is also responsible for providing supplemental supplies required by the course syllabus. Piqua City Schools may seek reimbursement from students/families if the student receives a failing grade at the end of the college course or if the student withdraws from the college course after the 14th calendar day after the particular course began, unless the student is identified as being economically disadvantaged in accordance with Ohio Administrative Code.

Letter of Transmittal For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

SPECIAL EDUCATION -- The Piqua City School District recognizes its responsibility to provide appropriate educational opportunities and access to the general education curriculum for students who have been determined to have a special education disability. We have a full service staff of Intervention Specialists, School Psychologists, Speech and Language Pathologists, Physical Therapists, Occupational Therapists, and Nurses to meet the needs of student ages preschool through twenty-two, who need specialized instruction in order to meet their educational goals. Each student is provided a comprehensive evaluation as required by state and federal laws and a new Individual Education Program each year. Our staff is committed to providing the best service possible and does so by meeting special education student needs on a continuum of least restrictive environments. Our District takes pride in the service level our special education students receive and works hard to coordinate appropriate services with local and regional service providers to ensure a high quality of service delivery at all age levels.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK -- During calendar year 2019, the county's six-year reappraisal of property valuations was completed. The updated appraisal took effect during calendar year 2020. In accordance with millage rollback provisions of HB920, the District has assessed millage at the 20 mill-floor, the lowest millage permitted by Ohio Revised Code. As a result of this, the District is able to benefit financially from increased assessed valuations. The Triennial update was performed during 2016 by the Miami County Auditor's office and took effect during calendar year 2017. In 1990 a ½% School District Income Tax was approved by the voters of Piqua. In May of 2008 the community approved an additional ¾% to our income tax rate. The income tax rate for Piqua City Schools now stands at 1.25%.

The State's School Foundation Program is another major source of revenue for the District's General Fund. There has been great turmoil over the various formulas that have been used and the way the state legislative bodies chose to fund these various formulas. The Supreme Court of Ohio has directed the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school-funding plan that is thorough and efficient. However, the Court did not indicate any enforcement measures to ensure that the Ohio General Assembly completes the task of the direction given. There has been a new funding formula that could be seen as adequate when fully implemented, but it has only been funded for two years at this point. Time will tell if this truly benefits Piqua City Schools.

LONG TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING -- As required by Ohio law, the District approved a five-year financial forecast of operational revenues and expenditures along with assumptions in November. Revenues are expected to exceed expenditures for the next fiscal year. A solid level of general fund unassigned fund balance is expected to be held throughout the forecasted fiscal years. Given the uncertainty of future state budgets, as well as local, state and national economic factors, years beyond fiscal year 2023 may deviate significantly from the forecast. The District has been able to navigate staying in the black through COVID-19 through a reduction in expenses and ESSER funding from the federal government.

The diligence of the District in managing long-term plans has become evident when you review the recent past fiscal years along with the current forecasted future budgets. Knowing that the State average life of a new levy is three years, we have not been on the ballot for new operating funds since the spring of 2008. The District passed a substitute levy on November 2, 2021 and all District levies are now permanent with no renewals required. In order for our annual revenue to continue to be above our annual expenditures, we will need to continue to consider further reductions whenever the opportunities rise.

Letter of Transmittal For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

RECENT SIGNIFICANT ACCOMPLISHMENTS -- Building leadership teams continue to successfully use data to develop outcome-based plans for student improvement. The Ohio Improvement Process is incorporated into the district Collaborative Leadership Team process to strengthen the focus of Teacher-Based-Leadership Teams and Building-Based Leadership Teams. District, building and teacher goals have specifically addressed Success Bound, student growth, achievement results, student learning objectives, and student growth measurement to ensure a typical year's growth and focus strategies on Value Added performance.

The District recently upgraded another section (phase IV) of the Piqua High School, now forty-two (42) years old. The first phase included a section of the building that housed an industrial arts program that was eliminated in 1995. This space was minimally used for instruction and held a great deal of storage. The renovation, completed in the summer of 2019, now provides a lively space full of students throughout the day focusing on classes that have a significant influence on their future careers. These new courses strengthen the partnership we have with the Upper Valley Career Center. Students are able to earn WorkKeys and National Career Readiness Certification and Pre-Apprentice Credentials that meet standards to help students earn a meaningful diploma that aids in the successful transition into adulthood. This renovation and program additions has been featured in presentations and has been visited by a number of schools throughout the state as a model for others to emulate.

The renovation of the second section of the building was completed in the summer of 2020. Phase two of the project houses physical education, athletics, special education, home economics, band, choir, The Hartzell Center for the Performing Arts, common space, administrative offices, the nurse's clinic as well as multiple classrooms. Additionally, 40 year old restrooms were updated to individual bathroom closets to provide more privacy as requested by the Principal's Student Advisory group. All of these spaces were renovated to include new flooring, matching school color paint scheme, electrical, plumbing, lighting, data wiring and other updates to extend the life of this building for another 40 years. This section of the building is now more efficient and successfully meets the needs of today's students.

Phase three included all second-floor academic classrooms. New windows were installed as well as flooring and ceilings. All classrooms and the halls were painted with school colors – eliminating old colors from the 1970's. There were significant upgrades to technology and science labs that bring all of these learning spaces up to current standards. This space is now more inviting for staff and students to engage in learning activities.

In Phase four the 1st floor academic wing was updated to match the 2nd floor classrooms. Additionally, there was a completely new vision for the "old library space". It is now a state of the art student union center where students are able to spend time studying, host meetings, grab a cup of coffee, and meet with their counselors. Also, the student union is home to our E-Sports team. Four pods of high powered machines are at the ready for gamers with large video displays for spectators.

MAJOR INITIATIVES FOR THE FUTURE – Although COVID-19 has significantly impacted the learning of our students over the past two years, we are determined to help students overcome the deficit that has evolved due to forced shutdowns, quarantines, and illness. These factors coupled with a lack of substitute teachers has slowed the progress of our programming and academics. As a result, the District has used ESSER funds to provide intervention opportunities for students in grades K-12 during the summer months. Additionally, a Student Success Team was formed to provide coaches in order to assist teachers with challenges they may face with using our curriculum resources or instructing students that

Letter of Transmittal For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

may need significant support. Additional Social Emotional Learning (SEL) supports have been put in place to assist students, staff, and parents and a new position has been hired to help students and parents improve attendance. The Attendance Support Coordinator meets with students and parents to intervene on behalf of the district to make important connections and facilitate better attendance necessary for student growth and a successful, timely graduation. Piqua High School continues to expand Pre-Apprentice opportunities for students. In 2022 Piqua High School partnered with Sinclair Community College to provide a STEM Pre-Apprentice pathway for 9th grade students. By 2023 it is projected that all 9th grade students will earn a Pre-Apprentice STEM credential, providing one additional pathway to graduation for all students.

ACCOUNTING INFORMATION

ACCOUNTING SYSTEM -- The District's accounting system is organized on a fund basis. Each fund is a separate self-balancing accounting entity. The basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

INTERNAL CONTROLS -- The Treasurer of the District is responsible for establishing an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The Management Team is responsible for assisting with implementation of the established internal controls.

The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of cost and benefit requires estimates and judgments by management.

SINGLE AUDIT -- As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the District also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to these programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation and audit by the Treasurer, Management Team and staff of the District.

As a part of the District's single audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion relating to federal financial assistance programs, as well as to verify that the District has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

BUDGETARY CONTROLS – All funds, except custodial funds, are subject to annual expenditure budgets. The procedures below outline the District's budgetary procedures:

A tax budget of estimated cash receipts and disbursements is submitted to the county auditor as secretary of the county budget commission by January 20 of each year for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The District's Board of Education (the Board) adopts the tax budget at its January Organizational Meeting.

Letter of Transmittal For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The county budget commission certifies its actions to the District by March 1. As part of this certification, the District receives the official certificate of estimated resources which states the projected receipts of each fund. On or about July 1, this certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year.

An annual appropriations measure is passed upon receipt of the county auditor's final tax revenue estimates in October or November of each year for the period July 1 to June 30. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbered appropriations are reported as expenditures in the current year. The Board adopts temporary appropriations at its June Board meeting to cover expenditures until the adoption of the permanent appropriations. The appropriations measure may be amended or supplemented during the year as new information becomes available. Individual buildings and/or departments are given building budgeting funds for instructional supplies, custodial supplies, meeting and mileage expenses, and equipment. Buildings and/or departments may move funds within their budgets with approval of the Superintendent and Treasurer. Appropriations may not exceed estimated resources and expenditures may not exceed appropriations in any fund.

Additionally, the District maintains an encumbrance accounting system as a useful technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditures of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation.

OTHER INFORMATION

AUDIT -- State statutes require an annual audit. Millhuff-Stang CPA conducted the audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The auditor's unmodified opinion on the basic financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this report.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- The notes to the basic financial statements which follow the basic financial statements contain additional information and are an integral part of such statements.

AWARDS -- The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awards a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to those governmental entities who qualify.

To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must prepare an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report whose contents satisfy all program standards. The report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and applicable legal requirements respective to the reporting entity. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The District has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last twenty five consecutive years (fiscal years ended 1997-2021). We believe this current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report meets the high standards set by the GFOA for a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting and we are submitting it to GFOA. The District also submitted the ACFR to the Association of School Business Officials for review and the document received the Certificate of Excellence award with no major comments the previous seven fiscal years (FY 15-21).

Letter of Transmittal For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS -- We are also grateful for the services of Donald J. Schonhardt & Associates, Inc. for their assistance in preparing this report.

In closing, without the patience and support of the Treasurer's Office Staff, the Administrative Team and the Board of Education, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Dwayne A. Thompson, Superintendent

Dwayne D. Thompson

Jeremie Hittle, Treasurer

Jeremie Witte

Members of the Board of Education, Superintendent of Schools and Treasurer For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Members of the Board of Education

The Board of Education is a body politic and corporate with the responsibility of managing and controlling affairs of the District and is, together with the District, governed by laws of the State of Ohio. The Board is composed of five members who are elected for overlapping four-year terms. The members of the Board of Education of the Piqua City School District, during the current fiscal year, are:

December 2021 Board	U	Service as Member	Present Term Expires		
Clint Bostick, President	January	2016	December 31, 2023		
Kelly McMaken, Vice President	January	2018	December 31, 2021		
Sean Ford	January	2018	December 31, 2021		
Steve Frazier	January	2020	December 31, 2023		
Andy Hite	January	2006	December 31, 2021		
December 2022 Board	0	Service as Member	Present Term Expires		
Kelly McMaken, President	January	2018	December 31, 2025		
Sean Ford, Vice President	January	2018	December 31, 2025		
Clint Bostick	January	2016	December 31, 2023		
	Juliuul y	2010	2000111001 01, 2020		
Steve Frazier	January	2020	December 31, 2023		

Superintendent of Schools

The Superintendent is the executive officer of the District and is responsible for administering policies adopted by the Board of Education. The Superintendent is expected to provide leadership in all phases of policy formulation and is the chief advisor to the Board on all aspects of the educational program and total operation of the District. Dwayne Thompson was hired as Superintendent of Piqua City Schools effective August 1, 2016. His current contract is through July 31, 2024.

Treasurer

The Treasurer serves as the fiscal officer of the District and, with the Board President, executes all conveyances made by the Board of Education. The Treasurer, Jeremie Hittle has held the position since September, 2013. His current contract is through July 31, 2026.

Management Team Members For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Management Team Members

Dwayne Thompson Superintendent of Schools

Jeremie Hittle Treasurer

Anthony Lyons Assistant Superintendent

Teresa Anderson Director of Curriculum and Instruction
Scott Bloom Director of Curriculum and Instruction

Amy ToddDirector of Special EducationMindy GearhardtDirector of Student ServicesErich HeidenreichDirector of District TechnologyKiara WilliamsDirector of Student Success Team

Lougena Hodges Director of Transportation
Chip Hare Director of Athletics
Tracy Mumaw Director of EMIS

Sean Shumaker District Buildings, Grounds & Maintenance

Jennifer Garland Director of Food Service

Michelle BonifasSchool PsychologistShelby HolpSchool PsychologistKylee HarrmannSchool Psychologist

Rob Messick Principal, Piqua High School

Darrell Hite Assistant Principal, Piqua High School Joe Taylor Assistant Principal, Piqua High School

Jeff Clark Principal, Piqua Junior High School

Chad Albers Assistant Principal, Piqua Junior High School

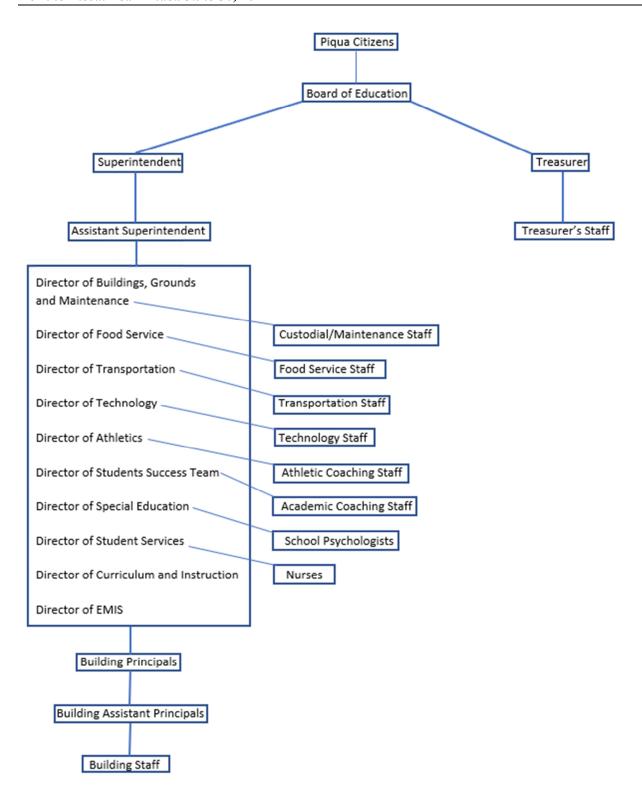
Heath Butler Principal, Piqua Central Intermediate School

Lindsay Muhlenkamp Assistant Principal, Piqua Central Intermediate School Megan Askins Assistant Principal, Piqua Central Intermediate School

Ross Loundenback Principal, Springcreek Primary School
Sara Watson Assistant, Springcreek Primary School

Eric Pence Principal, Washington Primary School Shannon Pence Assistant, Washington Primary School

School District Organizational Chart For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022



Job Description Listing For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Position:	Responsible To:
Superintendent	Board of Education
Treasurer	Board of Education
Assistant Superintendent	Superintendent
Director of Curriculum and Instruction Director of Student Success Team Director of Special Education	Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent
Director of Student Services	Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent
Director of Technology	Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent
Director of Transportation	Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent
Director of Athletics	Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent
Director of EMIS	Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent
Director of Buildings, Grounds, and Grounds Maintenance	Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent
Director of Food Service	Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent
Lead Principals	Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent
Assistant Principals Teacher	Superintendent, Asst. Superintendent, Lead Principal Building Principal Building Principal
Guidance Counselor	Building Principal
School Nurse	Assistant Superintendent and Director of Student Services
School Psychologist	Assistant Superintendent and Director of Special Education
Speech, Language and Hearing Therapist	Assistant Superintendent and Director of Special Education
Secretary	Assistant Superintendent and Lead Principal
Aide	Assistant Superintendent and Lead Principal
Substitute Teacher	Assistant Superintendent and Lead Principal
Assistant Treasurer, Payroll/HR, Budgetary & Financial Clerk	Treasurer
Head Cook, Assistant Head Cook, Cook, Sub Cook	Assistant Superintendent and Director of Food Service
Bus Driver, Substitute Bus Driver, Bus Mechanic	Assistant Superintendent and Director of Transportation
Custodian, Sub Custodian	District of Buildings, Grounds, and

Maintenance

Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Piqua City School District Ohio

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Association of School Business Officials International Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting



The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

Piqua City Schools

for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021.

The district report meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting.



William A. Sutter

Lewis

President

David J.

Executive Director

FINANCIAL SECTION





Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Piqua City School District 215 Looney Road Piqua, Ohio 45356

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Piqua City School District, Miami County, (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Piqua City School District, Miami County, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison of the General Fund and ESSER Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (*Government Auditing Standards*), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in note 3 to the financial statements, certain adjustments were necessary to beginning of year net position/fund balance to account for correction in intergovernmental receivables. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Piqua City School District Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

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Piqua City School District Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedules of District's proportionate share of the net pension and OPEB liabilities (assets), and the schedules of District contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements.

We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Piqua City School District Independent Auditor's Report Page 4

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Millhuff-Stang, CPA, Inc.

Milleff-Stoy CPA/ne.

Chillicothe, Ohio

December 21, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Piqua City School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

- □ In total, net position increased \$3,017,997. Net position of governmental activities increased \$2,309,904, which represents a 6% increase. Net position of business-type activities increased \$708,093.
- □ General revenues accounted for \$38,964,517, or 74% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales and grants and contributions accounted for \$13,619,396 or 26% of total revenues of \$52,583,913.
- □ The District had \$47,650,397 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$10,995,784 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants, or contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes) of \$38,964,517 were also available to provide for these programs.
- □ Among major funds, the general fund had \$39,890,216 in revenues and \$37,682,960 in expenditures. The general fund's fund balance decreased from a balance of \$22,054,723 to an ending balance of \$21,508,268.
- □ Net position of the enterprise funds increased \$707,417.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis and the basic financial statements, required supplementary information and an optional section that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

These statements are as follows:

- 1. <u>The Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- 2. <u>The Fund Financial Statements</u> These statements focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Unaudited

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as the property tax base, current property tax laws, student enrollment growth and facility conditions.

The government-wide financial statements of the District are divided into two categories:

- <u>Governmental Activities</u> Most of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities.
- <u>Business-Type Activities</u> These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to
 recover all of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The District's food service and TV
 station funds are reported as business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

Governmental Funds – Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Unaudited

Proprietary Funds – Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match.

Fiduciary Funds – The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for various scholarship programs and other items listed as custodial or private purpose. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The following table provides a summary of the District's net position for fiscal year 2022 compared to fiscal year 2021:

	Governmental		Business-type			
	Activities		Activities		Total	
	Restated					Restated
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Current and other Assets	\$52,612,012	\$58,189,144	\$2,142,510	\$1,390,021	\$54,754,522	\$59,579,165
Capital Assets, Net	74,794,021	73,499,427	383,461	429,548	75,177,482	73,928,975
Total Assets	127,406,033	131,688,571	2,525,971	1,819,569	129,932,004	133,508,140
Deferred Outflows of Resources	10,994,446	9,988,105	232,021	316,902	11,226,467	10,305,007
Net Pension Liability	22,120,451	41,153,587	566,971	945,986	22,687,422	42,099,573
Net OPEB Liability	2,487,929	2,796,404	299,015	318,517	2,786,944	3,114,921
Other Long-term Liabilities	35,032,292	39,894,260	95,827	68,995	35,128,119	39,963,255
Other Liabilities	4,350,677	4,439,881	105,099	97,348	4,455,776	4,537,229
Total Liabilities	63,991,349	88,284,132	1,066,912	1,430,846	65,058,261	89,714,978
Deferred Inflows of Resources	34,531,233	15,824,551	576,901	299,539	35,108,134	16,124,090
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	46,935,213	44,783,773	383,461	429,548	47,318,674	45,213,321
Restricted	5,544,785	7,323,660	0	0	5,544,785	7,323,660
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(12,602,101)	(14,539,440)	730,718	(23,462)	(11,871,383)	(14,562,902)
Total Net Position	\$39,877,897	\$37,567,993	\$1,114,179	\$406,086	\$40,992,076	\$37,974,079

The District reported a decrease in current assets of 8%, which can mostly be attributed to a decrease in cash, which was the result of the extinguishment of \$3.8 million of certificates of participation. The extinguishment of debt contributed to an overall decrease in other long-term liabilities of 12%. A substantial decrease in the net pension liability contributed to an overall decrease in liabilities of 27%. Fluctuations in deferred outflows and inflows of resources can be attributed to the net pension and net OPEB liabilities, resulting in an overall increase in net position.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Unaudited

The net pension liability is reported by the District pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The net OPEB liability/asset is reported by the District pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net OPEB asset.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset to equal the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Unaudited

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Unaudited

Changes in Net Position – The following table shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2022 compared to fiscal year 2021:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
		Restated				Restated
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenues						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services and Sales	\$800,386	\$1,031,708	\$169,096	\$120,436	\$969,482	\$1,152,144
Operating Grants	10,195,398	9,123,236	2,454,516	2,038,439	12,649,914	11,161,675
Total Program Revenues	10,995,784	10,154,944	2,623,612	2,158,875	13,619,396	12,313,819
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes	13,259,014	13,928,944	0	0	13,259,014	13,928,944
Income Taxes	7,843,733	7,761,427	0	0	7,843,733	7,761,427
Intergovernmental, Unrestricted	17,459,741	18,461,210	0	0	17,459,741	18,461,210
Other	402,029	645,993	0	0	402,029	645,993
Total General Revenues	38,964,517	40,797,574	0	0	38,964,517	40,797,574
Total Revenues	49,960,301	50,952,518	2,623,612	2,158,875	52,583,913	53,111,393
Program Expenses						
Instruction	27,147,547	31,503,783	0	0	27,147,547	31,503,783
Support Services:						
Pupils	2,810,141	2,717,738	0	0	2,810,141	2,717,738
Instructional Staff	3,476,617	2,827,086	0	0	3,476,617	2,827,086
Board of Education	35,747	28,302	0	0	35,747	28,302
Administration	2,800,416	2,865,017	0	0	2,800,416	2,865,017
Fiscal Services	978,530	969,750	0	0	978,530	969,750
Business	3,469	7,285	0	0	3,469	7,285
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,496,685	3,050,599	0	0	3,496,685	3,050,599
Pupil Transportation	2,153,962	2,103,225	0	0	2,153,962	2,103,225
Central	2,216,637	2,311,294	0	0	2,216,637	2,311,294
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	266,984	235,918	0	0	266,984	235,918
Extracurricular Activities	957,027	831,840	0	0	957,027	831,840
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,306,635	1,372,964	0	0	1,306,635	1,372,964
Food Service	0	0	1,831,064	1,734,965	1,831,064	1,734,965
TV Station	0	0	84,455	71,518	84,455	71,518
Total Expenses	47,650,397	50,824,801	1,915,519	1,806,483	49,565,916	52,631,284
Total Change in Net Position	2,309,904	127,717	708,093	352,392	3,017,997	480,109
Beginning Net Position - Restated	37,567,993	37,440,276	406,086	53,694	37,974,079	37,493,970
Ending Net Position	\$39,877,897	\$37,567,993	\$1,114,179	\$406,086	\$40,992,076	\$37,974,079

Governmental Activities

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$2,309,904. A decrease in charges for services can be attributed to a decrease in open enrollment tuition. This was due to the fact that open enrollment dollars are now direct funded to the educating school district. Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) funding contributed to an increase in operating grants in fiscal 2022. A decrease in unrestricted intergovernmental revenues was the result of a decrease in State Foundation received.

Overall, expenses decreased 6%, which can mostly be attributed to a decrease in instruction. This decrease in instruction was the result of changes in the net pension liability.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

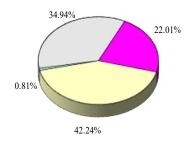
Unaudited

The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. The overall revenue generated by the levy will not increase solely as a result of inflation. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00. However, the assessed millage cannot be reduced below 20 mills, according to state statutes. The District's assessed millage has already been reduced to the 20 mill floor. Consequently, the District will receive some increased revenues as property values increase with reappraisals.

The District also receives an income tax, which is based on 1.25% of all salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation and on net profits earned from residents living within the District.

General tax revenues made up 42% of revenues for governmental activities in fiscal year 2022. The District's reliance upon tax revenues is demonstrated by the following graph:

		Percent
Revenue Sources	2022	of Total
Intergovernmental, Unrestricted	\$17,459,741	34.94%
Program Revenues	10,995,784	22.01%
General Tax Revenues	21,102,747	42.24%
General Other	402,029	0.81%
Total Revenue	\$49,960,301	100.00%



Business-Type Activities

Net position of the business-type activities increased \$708,093. An increase in the number of students utilizing the free lunch program resulted in an increase in operating grants from the Federal government. Expenses remained consistent with the prior fiscal year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$29,482,398, which is a decrease from last year's total of \$37,214,662. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

		Restated	
	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	Increase
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	(Decrease)
General	\$21,508,268	\$22,054,723	(\$546,455)
ESSER	(414,500)	0	(414,500)
Bond Retirement	1,922,983	4,042,900	(2,119,917)
Permanent Improvement	3,711,910	7,820,172	(4,108,262)
Other Governmental	2,753,737	3,296,867	(543,130)
Total	\$29,482,398	\$37,214,662	(\$7,732,264)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Unaudited

Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund – The ESSER Fund reported \$3.1 million in intergovernmental revenues for emergency grants received for Covid-19 relief. Funds may be used for providing for coordination of preparedness and response efforts, training and professional development of staff, planning and coordination during long-term closure, and purchasing technology for students.

Bond Retirement Fund – The Bond Retirement Fund balance decreased 52% during fiscal year 2022. The District used cash on hand to retire \$3.8 million of Energy Conservation Improvement Certificates of Participation. This was the primary cause of the decrease in fund balance.

Permanent Improvement Fund – The Permanent Improvement Fund balance decreased \$4,108,262, to an ending balance of \$3,711,910. This decrease can be attributed to outlays for phase two of the high school renovation project as well as transfers to the Bond Retirement Fund for debt payments.

General Fund – The tables that follow assist in illustrating the financial activities and balance of the General Fund:

	2022	2021	Increase
	Revenues	Revenues	(Decrease)
Taxes	\$18,035,627	\$18,319,165	(\$283,538)
Tuition	364,505	751,464	(386,959)
Transportation Fees	413	541	(128)
Investment Earnings	(328,637)	143,029	(471,666)
Extracurricular Activities	82,625	28,734	53,891
Class Materials and Fees	58,322	81,319	(22,997)
Intergovernmental - State	20,646,562	20,825,443	(178,881)
Intergovernmental - Federal	565,338	493,440	71,898
All Other Revenue	465,461	264,690	200,771
Total	\$39,890,216	\$40,907,825	(\$1,017,609)
•			

General Fund revenues in fiscal year 2022 decreased approximately 2% when compared with revenues in fiscal year 2021. A decrease in tuition can be attributed to the fact that open enrollment dollars are now direct funded to the educating school district. A decrease in intergovernmental state revenues can be attributed to a decrease in State school foundation monies. Changes in interest rates as well as the fair value of investments resulted in a decrease in investment earnings.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Unaudited

	2022 Expenditures	2021 Expenditures	Increase (Decrease)		
	Expenditures	Experiences	(Beereuse)		
Current:					
Instruction	\$23,620,420	\$23,854,558	(\$234,138)		
Supporting Services:					
Pupils	2,558,949	2,146,504	412,445		
Instructional Staff	2,474,650	2,556,252	(81,602)		
Board of Education	33,316	28,302	5,014		
Administration	2,740,187	2,639,070	101,117		
Fiscal Services	985,991	893,295	92,696		
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,716,749	2,805,335	(88,586)		
Pupil Transportation	1,672,413	1,493,683	178,730		
Central	351,652	342,087	9,565		
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	266	158	108		
Extracurricular Activities	494,917	506,443	(11,526)		
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	28,320	27,924	396		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	5,130	5,257	(127)		
Total	\$37,682,960	\$37,298,868	\$384,092		

General Fund expenditures remained stable, increasing \$384,092 or approximately 1%.

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2022 the District amended its General Fund budget several times. Original budgeted, final budgeted, and actual budget basis revenues and expenditures were not materially different.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Unaudited

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2022 the District had \$75,177,482 net of accumulated depreciation invested in land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements, equipment and vehicles. Of this total, \$74,794,021 was related to governmental activities and \$383,461 to the business-type activities. The following tables show fiscal year 2022 and 2021 balances:

	Governi	Increase	
	Activ	ities	(Decrease)
	2022	2021	
Land	\$787,761	\$787,761	\$0
Construction in Progress	6,477,297	2,963,135	3,514,162
Land Improvements	8,309,531	8,309,531	0
Buildings and Improvements	82,179,187	82,179,187	0
Machinery and Equipment	3,335,621	3,164,769	170,852
Leased Equipment	149,520 149,520		0
Vehicles	2,799,703	2,828,536	(28,833)
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(29,244,599) (26,883,012)		(2,361,587)
Totals	\$74,794,021	\$73,499,427	\$1,294,594

Additions to construction in progress can be attributed to Phase 2 of the high school renovation project, which includes renovation of the commons, art rooms, consumer science rooms, special education wing, Center for the Performing Arts, band room, choir room, music practice room, locker rooms, and administration area. Machinery and equipment additions included playground equipment, furniture, musical instruments, and computer equipment. Changes to vehicles consisted of the replacement of school busses.

-	Business- Activit	Increase (Decrease)	
_	2022	2021	
Machinery and Equipment	\$892,726	\$892,726	\$0
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(509,265)	(463,178)	(46,087)
Totals	\$383,461	\$429,548	(\$46,087)

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 9.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Unaudited

Debt and Other Long Term Obligations

The following table summarizes the District's debt and other long term obligations as of June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	2022	2021
Governmental Activities:	<u> </u>	
General Obligation Bonds:		
2020 School Improvement Refunding	\$17,237,993	\$17,199,197
2012 School Facility Construction	0	6,593,473
2022 School Improvement Refunding	5,725,000	0
Certificates of Participation	9,303,599	13,535,281
Leases Payable	98,552	126,872
Compensated Absences	2,667,148	2,439,437
Total Governmental Activities	35,032,292	39,894,260
Business-Type Activities:		
Compensated Absences	95,827	68,995
Total Business-Type Activities	95,827	68,995
Totals	\$35,128,119	\$39,963,255

Under current state statutes, the District's general obligation bonded debt issues are subject to a legal limitation based on 9% of the total assessed value of real and personal property. At June 30, 2022, the District's overall legal debt margin was below the legal limit. Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 13.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Like most public school districts in Ohio, the Piqua City School District relies on its property and income taxes along with state and federal aid to provide the funds necessary to maintain its educational programs. Growth in the tax base of Piqua has been slow for the most part since the economic downturn in 2007. While home prices are up there are very few new homes being built in Piqua. There has been a consistent increase in income tax collections, but property tax collections still remain modest. This is particularly due to commercial and industrial property values. The Board of Education has been willing to confront difficult decisions regarding the instructional programs and staffing coupled with the community's willingness to provide additional funding has resulted in a stable financial condition. We have been able to continue operating in the black for the past 15 years, and are on track to complete our 16 year. The District hasn't asked for new operating money in nearly 16 years and the hope is to hold off on any new requests for as long as possible. COVID-19 has made revenue and expenses forecasting more difficult. We are using ESSER funds to add additional temporary supports in professional development of our teachers. The hope is the training they receive now will stay with them for their career improving them as instructional leaders. The temporary supports approach to using ESSER funds does not provide additional burden to the general fund after the grant money has been completely spent.

On November 2, 2021 our community passed a substitute levy of the emergency levy currently in place. The District will not have any ballot issues that need renewed. The approval of this substitute levy allows Piqua City Schools to maintain our current programing into the future. Additionally, the Board passed a continuing permanent improvement levy on May 7, 2019. These funds are being used to renovate our current high school of 42 years and junior high of 22 years.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Unaudited

The community continued to show its support toward the District with the approval of both of these issues overwhelmingly. Lastly, on November 8, 2011 voters passed a 4.92 mill levy which provided the local share used to construct two new pre-kindergarten to third grade buildings and one fourth through sixth grade building.

We are in the second year of a new State of Ohio biannual budget and the second year of a new funding formula. It has been working in favor of Piqua City Schools at this point and seems to be a more fair system of funding schools than in the past. However, this formula has only been approved for two years. Unfortunately, it isn't something that we can't rely upon for future years as we develop a five year forecast. However, if the formula was fully implemented the District stands to gain significant additional revenue after the first two years. We will continue to monitor developments on school funding and hope for a long term solution to school funding in Ohio.

In conclusion, the Piqua City School District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. We will continue to make management decisions that will keep the District out of deficit spending, while at the same time making sure every dollar possible goes to classroom instruction.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Jeremie Hittle, Treasurer of Piqua City School District.

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Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets:	Ф. 21.551.462	Φ 1.05 (2 05	Φ 22 425 550
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 31,551,463	\$ 1,876,287	\$ 33,427,750
Receivables:	17.252.201	0	17 252 201
Taxes	17,352,291	0	17,352,291
Accounts	62,641	0	62,641
Intergovernmental	1,003,744	0	1,003,744
Interest	5,157	0	5,157
Internal Balance	(265,507)	265,507	0
Prepaid Items	31,698	716	32,414
Restricted Assets:			
Cash with Fiscal Agent	762	0	762
Net OPEB Asset	2,869,763	0	2,869,763
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	7,265,058	0	7,265,058
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	67,528,963	383,461	67,912,424
Total Assets	127,406,033	2,525,971	129,932,004
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Deferred Loss on Early Retirement of Debt	596,850	0	596,850
Pension	9,201,213	111,050	9,312,263
OPEB	1,196,383	120,971	1,317,354
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	10,994,446	232,021	11,226,467
Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	203,808	0	203,808
Accrued Wages and Benefits	2,796,913	83,987	2,880,900
Intergovernmental Payable	599,392	21,112	620,504
Claims Payable	594,573	0	594,573
Matured Bonds and Interest Payable	762	0	762
Accrued Interest Payable	155,229	0	155,229
Long Term Liabilities:	,		,
Due Within One Year	1,794,947	8,157	1,803,104
Due in More Than One Year:	,,.	-,	,,-
Net Pension Liability	22,120,451	566,971	22,687,422
Net OPEB Liability	2,487,929	299,015	2,786,944
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	33,237,345	87,670	33,325,015
Total Liabilities	63,991,349	1,066,912	65,058,261

(Continued)

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Property Tax Levy for Next Fiscal Year	12,083,118	0	12,083,118
Pension	17,692,587	323,764	18,016,351
OPEB	4,755,528	253,137	5,008,665
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	34,531,233	576,901	35,108,134
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	46,935,213	383,461	47,318,674
Restricted For:			
Capital Projects	63,386	0	63,386
Debt Service	1,831,530	0	1,831,530
Community Gifts and Awards	226,236	0	226,236
Federal and State Programs	3,423,633	0	3,423,633
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(12,602,101)	730,718	(11,871,383)
Total Net Position	\$ 39,877,897	\$ 1,114,179	\$ 40,992,076

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Program Revenues				
				harges for rvices and	Operating Grants and		
		Expenses	Se	Sales	and Contributions		
Governmental Activities:		<u> </u>		- Sures			
Instruction	\$	27,147,547	\$	510,611	\$	7,907,703	
Support Services:	Ψ	27,117,017	•	010,011	Ψ	,,,,,,,,,,	
Pupils		2,810,141		0		343,336	
Instructional Staff		3,476,617		0		983,356	
Board of Education		35,747		0		1,547	
Administration		2,800,416		0		0	
Fiscal Services		978,530		0			
Business		3,469		0	0		
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		3,496,685		0	406,082		
Pupil Transportation		2,153,962		413		204,515	
Central		2,216,637		0		0	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		266,984		0		247,337	
Extracurricular Activities		957,027		289,362		1,303	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,306,635		0	100,219		
Total Governmental Activities		47,650,397	800,386		10,195,398		
Business-Type Activities:							
Food Service		1,831,064		106,564		2,428,777	
TV Station		84,455		62,532		25,739	
Total Business-Type Activities		1,915,519		169,096		2,454,516	
Totals	\$	49,565,916	\$	969,482	\$	12,649,914	

General Revenues

Taxes:

Property Taxes levied for: General Purposes Property Taxes levied for: Facilities Maintenance

Property Taxes levied for: Debt Service Property Taxes levied for: Capital Outlay

Income Taxes

Intergovernmental, Unrestricted

Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position Beginning of Year - Restated Net Position End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Sovernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total		
\$	(18,729,233)	\$ 0	\$	(18,729,233)	
	(2,466,805)	0		(2,466,805)	
	(2,493,261)	0		(2,493,261)	
	(34,200)	0		(34,200)	
	(2,800,416)	0		(2,800,416)	
	(978,530)	0		(978,530)	
	(3,469)	0		(3,469)	
	(3,090,603)	0		(3,090,603)	
	(1,949,034)	0		(1,949,034)	
	(2,216,637)	0		(2,216,637)	
	(19,647)	0		(19,647)	
	(666,362)	0		(666,362)	
	(1,206,416)	0	_	(1,206,416)	
	(36,654,613)	0		(36,654,613)	
<u>•</u>	0 0 0	704,277 3,816 708,093	ф.	704,277 3,816 708,093	
\$	(36,654,613)	\$ 708,093	\$	(35,946,520)	
	10,231,347	0		10 221 247	
	169,916	0		10,231,347 169,916	
	1,440,895	0		1,440,895	
	1,416,856	0		1,416,856	
	7,843,733	0		7,843,733	
	17,459,741	0		17,459,741	
	(335,652)	0		(335,652)	
	737,681	0		737,681	
	38,964,517	0		38,964,517	
	2,309,904	708,093		3,017,997	
	37,567,993	406,086		37,974,079	
\$	39,877,897	\$ 1,114,179	\$	40,992,076	

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

		General	ESSER		I	Bond Retirement		Permanent nprovement
Assets:								
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	19,841,564	\$	0	\$	1,712,556	\$	3,603,949
Receivables:								
Taxes		14,038,450		0		1,561,743		1,566,545
Accounts		24		0		0		46,896
Intergovernmental		2,238		542,340		0		0
Interest		5,157		0		0		0
Interfund Loans Receivable		439,129		0		0		0
Prepaid Items		31,698		0		0		0
Restricted Assets:								
Cash with Fiscal Agent		0		0		762		0
Total Assets	\$	34,358,260	\$	542,340	\$	3,275,061	\$	5,217,390
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	10,525	\$	0	\$	0	\$	142,236
Accrued Wages and Benefits		2,388,073		153,844		0		0
Intergovernmental Payable		547,693		26,871		0		0
Matured Bonds and Interest Payable		0		0		762		0
Interfund Loans Payable		0		362,160		0		0
Compensated Absences Payable		88,245		0		0		0
Total Liabilities		3,034,536		542,875		762		142,236
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable Amounts		472,902		413,965		63,776		63,386
Property Tax Levy for Next Fiscal Year		9,342,554		0		1,287,540		1,299,858
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	9,815,456		413,965		1,351,316	-	1,363,244
Fund Balance:							-	
Nonspendable		31,698		0		0		0
Restricted		0		0		1,922,983		1,707,175
Committed		0		0		0		2,004,735
Assigned		716,822		0		0		2,004,733
Unassigned		20,759,748		(414,500)		0		0
Total Fund Balance		21,508,268		(414,500)		1,922,983		3,711,910
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of		21,200,200		(717,200)		1,722,703		3,711,710
Resources and Fund Balance	\$	34,358,260	\$	542,340	\$	3,275,061	\$	5,217,390
	_		_		_			

Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$	2,922,590	\$	28,080,659
	185,553 15,721 459,166 0		17,352,291 62,641 1,003,744 5,157 439,129
	0		31,698 762
\$	3,583,030	\$	46,976,081
\$	1,075 254,996 24,828 0 76,969 0 357,868	\$	153,836 2,796,913 599,392 762 439,129 88,245 4,078,277
	318,259 153,166 471,425	_	1,332,288 12,083,118 13,415,406
	0 2,917,645 0 0 (163,908) 2,753,737		31,698 6,547,803 2,004,735 716,822 20,181,340 29,482,398
\$	3,583,030	\$	46,976,081

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances To Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2022

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 29,482,398
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because		
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		74,794,021
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		1,332,288
The net pension and OPEB liabilities/asset are not due and payable, nor available in the current period; therefore, the liabilities/asset and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds:		
Deferred Outflows - Pension	9,201,213	
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(17,692,587)	
Net Pension Liability	(22,120,451)	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	1,196,383	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(4,755,528)	
Net OPEB Asset	2,869,763	
Net OPEB Liability	(2,487,929)	(33,789,136)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge		
the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets		
and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in		
governmental activities in the statement of net position.		2,560,752
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due		
and payable in the current period and therefore are not		
reported in the funds.		
General Obligation Bonds Payable	(22,962,993)	
Certificates of Participation	(9,303,599)	
Deferred Loss on Early Retirement of Debt	596,850	
Leases Payable	(98,552)	
Compensated Absences Payable	(2,578,903)	
Accrued Interest Payable	(155,229)	(34,502,426)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$39,877,897



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General	ESSER]	Bond Retirement	Permanent approvement
Revenues:	 	 			
Local Sources:					
Taxes	\$ 18,035,627	\$ 0	\$	1,439,619	\$ 1,412,703
Tuition	364,505	0		0	0
Transportation Fees	413	0		0	0
Investment Earnings	(328,637)	0		(9,243)	1,071
Extracurricular Activities	82,625	0		0	72
Class Materials and Fees	58,322	0		0	5,159
Intermediate Sources	0	0		0	0
Intergovernmental - State	20,646,562	0		207,512	152,535
Intergovernmental - Federal	565,338	3,139,754		100,219	0
All Other Revenue	465,461	0		0	132,285
Total Revenues	 39,890,216	 3,139,754		1,738,107	 1,703,825
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction	23,620,420	1,441,154		0	983,758
Supporting Services:					
Pupils	2,558,949	340,841		0	0
Instructional Staff	2,474,650	850,914		0	0
Board of Education	33,316	0		0	0
Administration	2,740,187	0		0	34,787
Fiscal Services	985,991	0		27,090	23,132
Business	0	0		0	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,716,749	356,722		0	244,758
Pupil Transportation	1,672,413	204,546		0	0
Central	351,652	0		0	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	266	3,225		0	0
Extracurricular Activities	494,917	0		0	0
Capital Outlay	0	356,852		0	4,681,149
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	28,320	0		5,242,667	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	5,130	0		1,238,993	0
Total Expenditures	37,682,960	3,554,254		6,508,750	5,967,584
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	2,207,256	(414,500)		(4,770,643)	(4,263,759)

Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$	169,376 0 428 289,290 0 64,323 154,191 1,986,916 139,935	\$ 21,057,325 364,505 413 (336,381) 371,987 63,481 64,323 21,160,800 5,792,227 737,681
	2,804,459	49,276,361
	2,313,778 68,281 134,542 2,431 19,874 2,809 3,179 90,174 0 0 242,580 386,452 87,371	28,359,110 2,968,071 3,460,106 35,747 2,794,848 1,039,022 3,179 3,408,403 1,876,959 351,652 246,071 881,369 5,125,372
	0	5,270,987
	3,351,471	1,244,123
	(547,012)	(7,788,658) (Continued)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General	ESSER	Bond Retirement	Permanent Improvement
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of Capital Assets	0	0	0	0
Transfers In	0	0	2,598,214	1,187,762
Transfers Out	(2,753,711)	0	0	(1,032,265)
Refunding Bonds Issued	0	0	5,725,000	0
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	0	0	(5,672,488)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,753,711)	0	2,650,726	155,497
Net Change in Fund Balance	(546,455)	(414,500)	(2,119,917)	(4,108,262)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year - Restated	22,054,723	0	4,042,900	7,820,172
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 21,508,268	\$ (414,500)	\$ 1,922,983	\$ 3,711,910

Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds				
3,882	3,882				
0	3,785,976				
0	(3,785,976)				
0	5,725,000				
0	(5,672,488)				
3,882	56,394				
(543,130)	(7,732,264)				
3,296,867	37,214,662				
\$ 2,753,737	\$ 29,482,398				

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ (7,732,264)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.		1,294,594
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		683,211
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows: Pension OPEB	3,128,441 75,194	3,203,635
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension and OPEB liabilities/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities: Pension OPEB	(266,154) 175,655	(90,499)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but has no effect on net position. In addition, repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		5,058,266
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		97,697
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		(224,847)
The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of services to individual funds and is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds are allocated among the governmental activities.		20,111
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 2,309,904



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Local Sources:				
Taxes	\$ 17,209,543	\$ 18,066,946	\$ 18,066,946	\$ 0
Tuition	745,000	364,505	364,505	0
Transportation Fees	500	413	413	0
Investment Earnings	200,000	59,588	59,588	0
Class Material and Fees	80,971	*	ŕ	0
		58,322	58,322	•
Intergovernmental - State	20,642,886	20,025,026	20,025,026	0
Intergovernmental - Federal	468,552	540,505	540,505	0
All Other Revenues	105,310	396,183	396,183	0
Total Revenues	39,452,762	39,511,488	39,511,488	0
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instructional Services:				
Regular	17,547,453	17,488,038	17,488,038	0
Special	6,538,787	5,976,004	5,976,004	0
Other	500,785	0	0	0
Support Services:				
Pupils	2,245,240	2,589,258	2,589,258	0
Instructional Staff	2,634,661	2,487,435	2,487,435	0
Board of Education	29,622	33,306	33,306	0
Administration	2,792,560	2,722,913	2,722,913	0
Fiscal Services	985,414	983,521	983,521	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,006,982	2,812,640	2,812,640	0
Pupil Transportation	1,563,216	1,661,890	1,661,890	0
Central	356,763	353,639	353,639	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	332	214	214	0
Extracurricular Activities	540,160	495,121	495,121	0
Total Expenditures	38,741,975	37,603,979	37,603,979	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	710,787	1,907,509	1,907,509	0

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	0	(2,777,713)	(2,777,713)	0
Refund of Prior Year's Expenditures	630,892	679,480	679,480	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):	630,892	(2,098,233)	(2,098,233)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,341,679	(190,724)	(190,724)	0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	19,923,865	19,923,865	19,923,865	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	220,326	220,326	220,326	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 21,485,870	\$ 19,953,467	\$ 19,953,467	\$ 0

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Special Revenue Fund – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Ori	ginal Budget	F	inal Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:		<u> </u>	_		_		
Local Sources:							
Intergovernmental - Federal	\$	8,901,235	\$	8,901,235	\$	4,570,538	\$ (4,330,697)
Total Revenues		8,901,235	_	8,901,235		4,570,538	(4,330,697)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instructional Services:							
Regular		3,334,071		1,512,248		1,512,248	0
Special		1,044,309		125,426		125,426	0
Support Services:							
Pupils		305,472		290,138		290,138	0
Instructional Staff		1,067,046		726,202		726,202	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		445,562		354,700		354,700	0
Pupil Transportation		600,000		238,310		238,310	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		778		3,225		3,225	0
Capital Outlay		750,000		421,575		421,575	0
Total Expenditures		7,547,238	_	3,671,824		3,671,824	0
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,353,997		5,229,411		898,714	(4,330,697)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		(1,499,082)		(1,499,082)		(1,499,082)	0
Prior Year Encumbrances		145,087		145,087		145,087	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	2	\$	3,875,416	\$	(455,281)	\$ (4,330,697)

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities	_		Governmental Activities
	Major Food Service	Nonmajor TV Station	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Fund
Assets:				
Current Assets:				
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 1,829,347	\$ 46,940	\$ 1,876,287	\$ 3,470,804
Prepaid Items	716	0	716	0
Total Current Assets	1,830,063	46,940	1,877,003	3,470,804
Non Current Assets:				
Capital Assets, Net	370,786	12,675	383,461	0
Total Assets	2,200,849	59,615	2,260,464	3,470,804
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Pension	102,479	8,571	111,050	0
OPEB	113,595	7,376	120,971	0
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	216,074	15,947	232,021	0
Liabilities:				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	0	0	0	49,972
Accrued Wages and Benefits	83,976	11	83,987	0
Intergovernmental Payable	20,410	702	21,112	0
Claims Payable	0	0	0	594,573
Compensated Absences - Current Total Current Liabilities	4,260 108,646	3,897 4,610	8,157 113,256	644,545
Total Current Liabilities	100,040	4,010	113,230	044,545
Long Term Liabilities:				
Compensated Absences Payable	87,670	0	87,670	0
Net Pension Liability	522,961	44,010	566,971	0
Net OPEB Liability	275,794	23,221	299,015	0
Total Long Term Liabilities	886,425	67,231	953,656	0
Total Liabilities	995,071	71,841	1,066,912	644,545
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Pension	299,952	23,812	323,764	0
OPEB	237,142	15,995	253,137	0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	537,094	39,807	576,901	0
Net Position:				
Investment in Capital Assets	370,786	12,675	383,461	0
Unrestricted	513,972	(48,761)	465,211	2,826,259
Total Net Position	\$ 884,758	\$ (36,086)	\$ 848,672	\$ 2,826,259
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of	f internal			
service fund activities related to the enterp			265,507	
Net Position of Business-type Activities			\$ 1,114,179	
1.55.1 oblion of Business type Nettvitles			Ψ 1,111,177	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities			Governmental Activities
	Major Food Service	Nonmajor TV Station	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues:				,
Sales	\$ 46,647	\$ 0	\$ 46,647	\$ 0
Charges for Services	0	62,522	62,522	0
Interfund Charges	0	0	0	4,374,192
Other Operating Revenues	59,608	0	59,608	0
Total Operating Revenues	106,255	62,522	168,777	4,374,192
Operating Expenses:				
Salaries and Wages	576,666	45,049	621,715	0
Fringe Benefits	277,576	22,274	299,850	0
Contractual Services	49,339	310	49,649	1,200
Claims	0	0	0	4,341,919
Supplies and Materials	884,022	14,872	898,894	11,015
Depreciation	44,137	1,950	46,087	0
Total Operating Expenses	1,831,740	84,455	1,916,195	4,354,134
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,725,485)	(21,933)	(1,747,418)	20,058
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):				
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,428,777	25,739	2,454,516	0
Investment Earnings	309	10	319	729
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	2,429,086	25,749	2,454,835	729
Change in Net Position	703,601	3,816	707,417	20,787
Net Position Beginning of Year	181,157	(39,902)	141,255	2,805,472
Net Position End of Year	\$ 884,758	\$ (36,086)	\$ 848,672	\$ 2,826,259
Change in Net Position - Total Enterprise Fur	nds		707,417	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of inte	ernal service			
fund activities related to the enterprise funds.			676	
Change in Net Position - Total Business-type			\$ 708,093	

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Busin	Governmental Activities		
	Major	Nonmajor		
	Food Service	TV Station	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Cash Received from Customers	\$106,255	\$62,522	\$168,777	\$0
Cash Received from Interfund Charges	0	0	0	4,374,192
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(786,867)	(15,182)	(802,049)	(4,011,282)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services and Benefits	(871,299)	(51,817)	(923,116)	0
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(1,551,911)	(4,477)	(1,556,388)	362,910
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:				
Operating Grants Received	2,306,598	25,739	2,332,337	0
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	2,306,598	25,739	2,332,337	0
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Receipts of Interest	309	10	319	729
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	309	10	319	729
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	754,996	21,272	776,268	363,639
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	1,074,351	25,668	1,100,019	3,107,165
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$1,829,347	\$46,940	\$1,876,287	\$3,470,804
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash				
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (Loss)	(\$1,725,485)	(\$21,933)	(\$1,747,418)	\$20,058
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to				
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation Expense	44,137	1,950	46,087	0
Donated Commodities Used During the Year	146,619	0	146,619	0
Changes in Assets, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows:				
Decrease in Prepaid Items	15	0	15	0
Decrease in Deferred Outflows	68,581	16,300	84,881	0
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(125)	0	(125)	49,972
Increase in Accrued Wages and Benefits	6,821	0	6,821	0
Increase (Decrease) in Intergovernmental Payables	1,094	(39)	1,055	0
Increase in Claims Payable	0	0	0	292,880
Increase in Compensated Absences	26,554	278	26,832	0
Increase in Deferred Inflows	251,806	25,556	277,362	0
Decrease in Net Pension Liability	(352,845)	(26,170)	(379,015)	0
Decrease in Net OPEB Liability	(19,083)	(419)	(19,502)	0
Total Adjustments	173,574	17,456	191,030	342,852
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(\$1,551,911)	(\$4,477)	(\$1,556,388)	\$362,910

Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2022

	Private Purpose Trust		Custodial	
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	380,602	\$	1,352
Investments with Fiscal Agent		282,617		0
Total Assets		663,219		1,352
Liabilities: Due to Others		0		1,352
Total Liabilities		0		1,352
Net Position:				
Held in Trust		663,219		0
Total Net Position	\$	663,219	\$	0

Statement of Changes in Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Private Purpose Trust		Custodial	
Additions:				
Collection of Extracurricular Fees				
for other Governments	\$	0	\$	28,120
Total Collections		0		28,120
Investment Earnings:				
Interest	15,084			0
Net Change in the Fair Value of Investments	(74,936)		0	
Total Investment Earnings	(59,852)		0	
Total Additions		(59,852)		28,120
Deductions:				
Distribution of Extracurricular Fees				
to other Governments		0		28,120
Community Gifts, Awards and Scholarships		15,002		0
Total Deductions		15,002		28,120
Change in Net Position		(74,854)		0
Net Position at Beginning of Year		738,073		0
Net Position End of Year	\$	663,219	\$	0

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Piqua City School District, Ohio (the District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The District is governed by a locally elected five member Board of Education (the Board) which provides educational services. The Board controls the District's instructional support facilities staffed by approximately 202 teachers, 20 certified administrators, 123 classified staff, and 13 classified administrators providing education to 3,350 students.

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," and Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units," in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the District (the reporting entity) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a legally separate organization's governing board and either the District's ability to impose its will over the organization or the possibility that the organization will provide a financial benefit to, or impose a financial burden on the District. Additionally, the primary government is required to consider other organizations for which the primary government is not financially accountable to determine whether the relationship is such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on the foregoing, the District's reporting entity has no component units, and includes the following services: instructional (regular, special education, vocational), student guidance, extracurricular activities, food service, pupil transportation and care and upkeep of grounds and buildings.

The District is a member of the Metropolitan Educational Technology Association, the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, the Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association, the Upper Valley Career Center, and the Educational Regional Service System Region 10. All of the aforementioned entities are jointly governed organizations that provide various services to member school districts, see Note 17 "Jointly Governed Organizations." Sometimes a government may appoint the voting majority of board members for another entity without establishing a bond of financial accountability with that entity that would justify its inclusion as a component unit. Generally accepted accounting principles refer to entities that meet this description as related organizations. The Piqua Public Library was determined to be a related organization, see Note 18.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of its significant accounting policies.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are grouped into the categories governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds - These are funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in the proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of "financial flow" (sources, uses and balances of financial resources). The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund – To account for emergency grants received for Covid-19 relief. Funds may be used for providing for coordination of preparedness and response efforts, training and professional development of staff, planning and coordination during long-term closure, and purchasing technology for students.

<u>Bond Retirement Fund</u> – To account for resources that are used for payment of principal, interest, and fiscal charges on general obligation debt.

<u>Permanent Improvement Fund</u> – The permanent improvement fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital assets.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Continued)

Proprietary Funds - The proprietary funds are accounted for on an "economic resources" measurement focus. This measurement focus provides that all assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources associated with the operation of the proprietary funds are included on the statement of net position. The proprietary fund operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises in which the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The District's major enterprise fund is:

<u>Food Service Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the financial transactions related to the food service operations of the District.

The other enterprise fund of the District accounts for television station operations.

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District or to other governments on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District's internal service fund accounts for the activities of the self-insurance program for employee health care benefits.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary category is split into two classifications: private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations or other governments and therefore not available to support the District's own programs. Custodial funds report assets held in a fiduciary capacity, but which do not meet the criteria for trust fund reporting. The District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust that accounts for scholarship programs, gifts and awards for specific students. State law permits the District to appropriate for purposes consistent with the endowment's intent, net appreciation, both realized and unrealized. The custodial fund accounts for athletic tournament monies collected on behalf of other Districts.

C. Basis of Presentation – Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. Other interfund services provided and used are not eliminated. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation – Financial Statements (Continued)

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Internal service funds are combined and the totals are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets, current liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Private purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting represents the methodology utilized in the recognition of revenues and expenditures or expenses reported in the financial statements. The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed by the governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. The term "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, which for the District is considered to be 60 days after fiscal year end. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered susceptible to accrual at year end: property taxes, income taxes, tuition, grants and entitlements, student fees, and interest on investments.

Current property taxes measurable at June 30, 2022, and which are not intended to finance fiscal year 2022 operations, have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources. Delinquent property taxes measurable and available (received within 60 days) and amounts available as an advance on future tax settlements are recognized as revenue at year end.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the government-wide financial statements, proprietary funds and the fiduciary funds. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Revenues – **Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions** – Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income and property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the income is earned. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

E. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year.

All funds other than custodial funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Supplemental budgetary modifications may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

1. Tax Budget

By January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit an annual operating budget for the following fiscal year to the Board of Education for consideration and passage. The adopted budget is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by January 20 of each year for the period July 1 to June 30 of the following fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process (Continued)

2. Estimated Resources

Prior to April 1, the Board accepts by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriations measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered fund balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if a new source of revenue is identified or actual receipts exceed current estimates. The amounts reported on the budgetary statement as final budget reflect the amounts in the final amended official certificate of estimated resources issued during fiscal year 2022.

3. Appropriations

A temporary appropriation measure to control expenditures may be passed on or about July 1 of each year for the period July 1 through September 30. An annual appropriation resolution must be passed by October 1 of each year for the period July 1 through June 30. The appropriation resolution establishes spending controls at the fund level. The appropriation resolution may be amended during the year as additional information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed the current estimated resources as certified. The allocation of appropriations may be modified during the year. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed line-item budgets. The budgetary figures which appear in the "Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual" are provided on the budgetary basis to provide a comparison of actual results to the final budget. All amendments and modifications are included in final budget amounts presented.

4. Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the subsequent fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

5. Basis of Budgeting

The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis lie in the manner in which revenues and expenditures are recorded. Under the budgetary basis, revenues and expenditures are recognized on a cash basis. Utilizing the cash basis, revenues are recorded when received in cash and expenditures when paid. Under the GAAP basis, revenues and expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on a budgetary basis.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. **Budgetary Process** (Continued)

5. Basis of Budgeting (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statement to the budgetary basis statement for the General Fund and Major Special Revenue Fund:

Net Change in 1	Fund Balance		
	General	ESSER	
	Fund	Fund	
GAAP Basis (as reported)	(\$546,455)	(\$414,500)	
Increase (Decrease):			
Accrued Revenues			
at June 30, 2022,			
received during FY 2023	(3,831,981)	(128,375)	
Accrued Revenues			
at June 30, 2021,			
received during FY 2022	4,304,456	1,559,159	
Accrued Expenditures			
at June 30, 2022,			
paid during FY 2023	3,034,536	180,715	
Accrued Expenditures			
at June 30, 2021,			
paid during FY 2022	(2,851,503)	(205,164)	
FY 2022 Prepaids for FY 2023	(31,698)	0	
FY 2021 Prepaids for FY 2022	23,301	0	
Encumbrances Outstanding	(201,065)	(93,121)	
Perspective Difference:			
Activity of Funds Reclassified			
for GAAP Reporting Purposes	(90,315)	0	
Budget Basis	(\$190,724)	\$898,714	

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits, investments with original maturities of less than three months, and the State Treasury Asset Reserve (STAR Ohio). The amounts in STAR Ohio are considered cash equivalents because they are highly liquid investments with original maturity dates of three months or less.

The District pools its cash for investment and resource management purposes. Each fund's equity in pooled cash and investments represents the balance on hand as if each fund maintained its own cash and investment account. See Note 6, "Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments."

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. Investments

Investment procedures and interest allocations are restricted by provisions of the Ohio Constitution and the Ohio Revised Code. The District allocates interest among certain funds based upon the fund's cash balance at the date of investment. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools" and GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application," the District records all its investments at fair value except for nonparticipating investment contracts which are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. All investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, is recognized as revenue in the operating statements. See Note 6, "Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments."

The District's investment in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and is recognized as an external investment pool by the District. The District measures the investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value. For fiscal year 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice of 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$250 million is preferred. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Fifth Third Bank acts as the fiscal agent for investments held for the Francis Allison Trust, which is reported as a private purpose trust fund in the accompanying financial statements. The funds are reported as "Investments with Fiscal Agent" in the Statement of Net Position for Fiduciary Funds.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2022, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

I. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets acquired prior to fiscal year 2021 have an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,500. Beginning in fiscal year 2021, the District has established a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for all capital assets.

1. Property, Plant and Equipment - Governmental Activities

Governmental activities capital assets are those not directly related to the business type funds. These generally are acquired or constructed for governmental activities and are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost for assets not purchased in recent years). These assets are reported in the Governmental Activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Position, but they are not reported in the Fund Financial Statements.

Contributed capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Estimated historical costs for governmental activities capital asset values were initially determined in 1993 by utilizing the services of Industrial Appraisal Company or by identifying historical costs where such information was available. In cases where information supporting original cost was not obtainable, estimated historical costs were developed. For certain capital assets, the estimates were arrived at by indexing estimated current costs back to the estimated year of acquisition.

2. Property, Plant and Equipment – Business Type Activities

Property, plant and equipment acquired by the proprietary funds are stated at cost (or estimated historical cost), including interest capitalized during construction and architectural and engineering fees where applicable. Contributed capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. These assets are reported in both the Business-Type Activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the respective funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. Capital Assets and Depreciation (Continued)

3. Depreciation

All capital assets are depreciated, excluding land and construction in progress. Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Governmental and
	Business-Type Activities
Description	Estimated Lives (in years)
Land Improvements	25
Buildings and Improvements	25 - 75
Machinery, Equipment, Vehicles, Furniture and	5 - 25
Fixtures	

J. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term liabilities are being repaid from the following funds:

Obligation	Fund
General Obligation Bonds	Bond Retirement Fund
Certificates of Participation	Bond Retirement Fund*
Leases	General Fund
Compensated Absences	General Fund, Food Service Fund, IDEA-B Fund, Title I Fund, Title II-A Fund
Net Pension/OPEB Liability	General Fund, Food Service Fund, TV Station Fund, Auxiliary Services Fund, IDEA-B Fund, Title I Fund, Title II-A Fund

^{*}Principal and interest payments on the Energy Conservation Improvement Certificates of Participation are being funded by a transfer from the Permanent Improvement Fund to the Bond Retirement Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. Compensated Absences

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," vacation benefits are accrued as a liability when an employee's right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered, and it is probable that the employee will be compensated through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement. Administrators and classified staff who work twelve month contracts are granted vacation leave based on length of service and position. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. Employees may earn 15 days of sick leave per year up to a maximum of 270 days. Upon retirement, employees will receive twenty-five percent of the accumulated sick leave up to a maximum of 60 days. The employees are also eligible to receive payment for "earned days", one additional day of pay for each fiscal year the employee has perfect attendance. The payment for these "earned days" are in addition to the maximum of 60 days. For governmental funds, that portion of unpaid compensated absences that is expected to be paid using expendable, available resources is reported as an expenditure in the fund from which the individual earning the leave is paid, and a corresponding liability is reflected in the account "Compensated Absences Payable." For governmental funds, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. In the government wide statement of net position, "Compensated Absences Payable" is recorded within the "Due within one year" account and the long-term portion of the liability is recorded within the "Due in more than one year" account. Compensated absences are expensed in the proprietary funds when earned and the related liability is reported within the fund.

L. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes represents balances in special revenue funds which are restricted in use per grant agreements.

Of the District's \$5,544,785 in restricted net position, none is restricted by enabling legislation.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M. Pension/OPEB

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

N. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

O. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the bond retirement fund represent cash set aside for outstanding bonds and coupons not yet redeemed.

P. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

P. Fund Balance (Continued)

Restricted – The fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the School District Board of Education, including giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes. The School District Board of Education may assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenues and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Through the District's purchasing policy the Board of Education has given the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes, which are also reported as assigned fund balance.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Q. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

R. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. For the District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for deferred charges on refunding and for pension/OPEB. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension/OPEB are explained in Notes 11 and 12.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension/OPEB, and unavailable revenue. On the government-wide statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet, property taxes that are intended to finance future fiscal periods are reported as deferred inflows. In addition, the governmental funds balance sheet reports deferred inflows which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the item, unavailable amounts, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable amounts for property taxes and grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB are reported on the government-wide statement of net position and explained in Notes 11 and 12.

S. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are sales for food service, TV Station operation fees, and interfund charges for the internal service fund. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

T. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The District had no extraordinary or special items during fiscal year 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 2 – COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Fund Deficits - The fund deficits at June 30, 2022 of \$414,500 in the ESSER Fund (major governmental fund) \$36,086 in the TV Station Fund (enterprise fund), \$57,955 in the IDEA-B Fund and \$105,953 in the Title I Disadvantaged Children Assistance Fund (special revenue funds) arise from the recognition of expenses/expenditures on the accrual/modified accrual basis which are greater than expenses/expenditures recognized on the budgetary basis. The deficits do not exist under the budgetary/cash basis of accounting. The General Fund provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

NOTE 3 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION

For fiscal year 2022, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period," Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020," and Statement No. 93, "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates."

GASB Statement No. 89 establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period.

GASB Statement No. 92 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for specific issues related to leases, intra-entity transfers of assets, postemployment benefits, government acquisitions, risk financing and insurance-related activities of public entity risk pools, fair value measurements, and derivative instruments.

GASB Statement No. 93 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of interbank offered rates in hedging derivative instruments and leases.

The implementation of these Statements had no effect on beginning net position/fund balance, or note disclosures.

Certain adjustments were necessary to beginning of year net position/fund balance to account for corrections in intergovernmental receivables. These corrections had the following effect on beginning of year balances:

			Total
	Governmental	ESSER	Governmental
	Activities	Fund	Funds
Net Position/Fund Balance June 30, 2021	\$45,597,683	\$104,240	\$37,318,902
Adjustments:			
Intergovernmental Receivable Correction	(8,029,690)	(104,240)	(104,240)
Restated Net Position/			
Fund Balance June 30, 2021	\$37,567,993	\$0	\$37,214,662

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

					Other	Total
			Bond	Permanent	Governmental	Governmental
Fund Balances	General	ESSER	Retirement	Improvement	Funds	Funds
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid Items	\$31,698	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$31,698
Total Nonspendable	31,698	0	0	0	0	31,698
Restricted:						
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	0	0	0	0	1,328,715	1,328,715
Student Wellness Support	0	0	0	0	755,245	755,245
Non-Public School Support	0	0	0	0	12,624	12,624
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0	0	481,116	481,116
Community Gifts and Awards	0	0	0	0	226,236	226,236
Targeted Academic Assistance	0	0	0	0	113,709	113,709
Debt Service Payments	0	0	1,922,983	0	0	1,922,983
Capital Improvements	0	0	0	1,707,175	0	1,707,175
Total Restricted	0	0	1,922,983	1,707,175	2,917,645	6,547,803
Committed:						
Capital Improvements	0	0	0	2,004,735	0	2,004,735
Total Committed	0	0	0	2,004,735	0	2,004,735
Assigned:						
Public School Support	524,593	0	0	0	0	524,593
Services and Supplies	192,229	0	0	0	0	192,229
Total Assigned:	716,822	0	0	0	0	716,822
Unassigned (Deficit)	20,759,748	(414,500)	0	0	(163,908)	20,181,340
Total Fund Balances	\$21,508,268	(\$414,500)	\$1,922,983	\$3,711,910	\$2,753,737	\$29,482,398

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 5 – EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government – wide statement of activities. The following is a detailed listing of those reconciling items that are net adjustments or a combination of several transactions:

Amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period:

Capital Outlay Depreciation Expense	\$3,878,858 (2,584,264) \$1,294,594
Governmental revenues not reported in the funds:	
Increase in Delinquent Tax Revenue Increase in Grants Receivable	\$45,422 637,789 \$683,211
Net amount of long-term debt issuance and debt principal paymen	nts:
Debt Principal Retirement	\$5,120,000
Refunding Bonds Issued	(5,725,000)
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	5,795,155
Amortize Deferred Loss on Early Retirement of Debt	(23,095)
Debt Premium Amortization	96,064
Accreted Interest on Capital Appreciation Bonds	(233,178)
Lease Principal Retirement	28,320
	\$5,058,266
Expenses not requiring the use of current financial resources:	
Increase in Compensated Absences Payable	(\$224,847)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 6 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash resources of several individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash, cash equivalents and investments. In addition, investments are separately held by a number of individual funds.

Statutes require the classification of funds held by the District into three categories. Category 1 consists of "active" funds - those funds required to be kept in a "cash" or "near cash" status for immediate use by the District. Such funds must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury or in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts.

Category 2 consists of "inactive" funds - those funds not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive funds may be deposited or invested only as certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Category 3 consists of "interim" funds - those funds which are not needed for immediate use but, which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim funds may be invested or deposited in the following securities:

- United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- Interim deposits in eligible institutions applying for interim funds;
- Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in the first two bullets of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions, and
- The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 6 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute.

Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. The District's policy is to deposit funds with banking institutions which collateralize public monies in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code.

At year end the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$6,931,337 and the bank balance was \$8,196,937. Federal depository insurance covered \$8,160,007 of the bank balance and \$36,930 was exposed to custodial risk and was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions trust department or agent but not in the District's name and securities held in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System.

B. Investments

The District's investments, including those held by a fiscal agent, at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

				-	Investment Maturities (in Years)		Years)
		Credit	Fair Value				
_	Fair Value	Rating	Hierarchy	Allocation	less than 1	1-3	3-5
STAR Ohio ⁴	\$2,505,033	AAAm 1	NA	9.22%	\$2,505,033	\$0	\$0
Money Market Fund ⁴	29,869	AAAm/Aaa 1,2	NA	0.11%	29,869	0	0
U.S. Treasuries	2,620,386	NA	Level 2	9.65%	490,254	929,728	1,200,404
Commercial Paper	8,286,267	AAA-BB ¹	Level 2	30.51%	8,286,267	0	0
Corporate Bond Fund	80,444	AAA-BB ¹	Level 2	0.30%	80,444	0	0
Corporate Equities Fund	189,727	NA	Level 2	0.70%	189,727	0	0
Marketable CD's	7,622,044	AAA^3	Level 2	28.06%	3,723,636	3,898,408	0
Municipal Bonds	274,618	Aa3 ²	Level 2	1.01%	0	0	274,618
FFCB	1,152,149	$AA + /aa3^{1,2}$	Level 2	4.24%	0	1,152,149	0
FHLB	4,401,209	$AA + /aa3^{1,2}$	Level 2	16.20%	0	4,038,668	362,541
Total Investments	\$27,161,746			100.00%	\$15,305,230	\$10,018,953	\$1,837,563

¹ Standard & Poor's

² Moody's Investor Service

³ All are fully FDIC insured and therefore have an implied AAA credit rating

⁴ Reported at amortized cost

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 6 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B. Investments (Continued)

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Active markets are those in which transactions for the asset or liability occur in sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Investments classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Interest Rate Risk – The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of settlement date.

Investment Credit Risk – The District has no investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitation of State statute for "interim" funds described previously.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in one issuer. The distribution of investments is detailed in the investment table above.

Custodial Credit Risk – The District's balance of investments are held by the trust department of its banking institution in the District's name. The District has no policy on custodial credit risk and is governed by Ohio Revised Code as described under Deposits.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 7 - TAXES

A. Property Tax

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2022 represents collections of calendar year 2021 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2022 were levied after April 1, 2021, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2021, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2022 represents collections of calendar year 2021 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2022 became a lien December 31, 2020, were levied after April 1, 2021 and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County including Piqua City School District. The County Auditor periodically remits to the District its portion of the taxes collected. The assessed values for collection in fiscal year 2022 were as follows:

	2021 Second Half	2022 First Half
	Collections	Collections
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$420,633,280	\$427,464,990
Public Utility Personal	9,925,390	10,706,620
Total Assessed Value	\$430,558,670	\$438,171,610
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$48.39	\$48.23

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 7 - TAXES (Continued)

B. Income Tax

Effective January 1, 1991 the District levied a voted tax of 0.5 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. In March 2008 the voters approved an additional 0.75 percent tax. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the General Fund.

C. Tax Abatements

Real Estate Tax Abatements

In prior years the City of Piqua has provided various tax incentives under Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) programs. The City authorizes incentives through passage of public ordinances, based upon each businesses investment criteria and through a contractual application process with each entity, including proof that the improvement has been made and certification by the local housing officer. The tax abatement under the program is equal to 100% of the additional property tax resulting from the increase in the assessed value as a result of the improvements for fifteen years following the year of certification. The amount of the abatement is deducted from the recipient's property tax bill. The establishment of the Community Reinvestment Area gave the City the ability to maintain and expand business located within the City and created new jobs by abating or reducing assessed valuation of properties, resulting in abated taxes.

The City of Piqua had 30 individual agreements under the CRA program. These abatements reduced the District's property tax revenues by \$361,924 in calendar year 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 8 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

On the Statement of Net Position, the Business-Type Activities reported an internal balance at June 30, 2022 of \$265,507 which is offset in the Governmental Activities by the same amount.

A. Interfund Loans

Following is a summary of interfund receivables/payables for all funds at June 30, 2022:

	Interfund Loans	Interfund Loans
Fund	Receivable	Payable
General Fund	\$439,129	\$0
ESSER Fund	0	362,160
Other Governmental Funds	0	76,969
Totals	\$439,129	\$439,129

These Interfund Loans are short-term loans to cover a temporary cash deficit.

B. Transfers

Following is a summary of transfers in and out for all funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

Fund	Transfer In	Trans fer Out
General Fund	\$0	\$2,753,711
Bond Retirement Fund	2,598,214	0
Permanent Improvement Fund	1,187,762	1,032,265
Total All Funds	\$3,785,976	\$3,785,976

During fiscal year 2022 the Permanent Improvement Fund transferred \$1,032,265 to the Bond Retirement Fund for debt payments. The General Fund transferred \$1,565,949 to the Bond Retirement Fund for debt payments, and \$1,187,762 to the Permanent Improvement Fund for capital purchases and improvements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Governmental Activities Capital Assets

Summary by category of changes in governmental activities capital assets at June 30, 2022:

Historical Cost:

Class	June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2022
Capital assets not being depreca	iated:			
Land	\$787,761	\$0	\$0	\$787,761
Construction in Progress	2,963,135	3,514,162	0	6,477,297
_	3,750,896	3,514,162	0	7,265,058
Capital assets being depreciated	<i>l</i> :			
Land Improvements	8,309,531	0	0	8,309,531
Buildings and Improvement	82,179,187	0	0	82,179,187
Machinery and Equipment	3,164,769	170,852	0	3,335,621
Leased Equipment	149,520	0	0	149,520
Vehicles _	2,828,536	193,844	(222,677)	2,799,703
Total Cost	\$100,382,439	\$3,878,858	(\$222,677)	\$104,038,620
-				
Accumulated Depreciation:				

Class	June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2022
Land Improvements	(\$4,882,651)	(\$278,872)	\$0	(\$5,161,523)
Buildings and Improvement	(18,322,238)	(1,818,649)	0	(20,140,887)
Machinery and Equipment	(1,795,514)	(223,402)	0	(2,018,916)
Leased Equipment	(29,904)	(29,904)	0	(59,808)
Vehicles	(1,852,705)	(233,437)	222,677	(1,863,465)
Total Depreciation	(\$26,883,012)	(\$2,584,264) *	\$222,677	(\$29,244,599)
Net Value:	\$73,499,427			\$74,794,021

^{*} Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$563,925
Support Services:	
Pupils	141
Administration	7,940
Business	290
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	50,488
Pupil Transportation	214,818
Central	1,693,444
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	17,105
Extracurricular Activities	36,113
Total Depreciation Expense	\$2,584,264

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities Capital Assets

Summary by Category at June 30, 2022:

Historical Cost:

Class	June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2022
Machinery and Equipment Total Cost	\$892,726 \$892,726	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$892,726 \$892,726
Accumulated Depreciation: Class	June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2022
Machinery and Equipment Total Depreciation	(\$463,178) (\$463,178)	(\$46,087) (\$46,087)	\$0 \$0	(\$509,265) (\$509,265)

NOTE 10 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2022 consisted of taxes, accounts, interest, and intergovernmental receivables.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

All of the District's full-time employees participate in one of two separate retirement systems which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans.

A. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. Plan Description

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description –District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before	Eligible to Retire on or after
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent. In 2020, the Board of Trustees approved a 0.5 percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2021.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14 percent. No amount was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. Plan Description (Continued)

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$673,395 for fiscal year 2022.

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description –District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 27 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age fifty and after termination of employment.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. Plan Description (Continued)

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the employer rate was 14% and the member rate was 14% of covered payroll. The fiscal year 2022 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates, and the full employer contribution was allocated to the pension fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$2,527,293 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount \$415,800 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

C. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

C. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$5,284,615	\$17,402,807	\$22,687,422
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability -2022	0.1432260%	0.1361094%	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability -2021	0.1398743%	0.1357555%	
Percentage Change	0.0033517%	0.0003539%	
Pension Expense	\$73,504	\$222,691	\$296,195

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$506	\$537,663	\$538,169
Change of assumptions	111,273	4,827,849	4,939,122
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	673,395	2,527,293	3,200,688
Changes in proportionate share	273,100	361,184	634,284
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$1,058,274	\$8,253,989	\$9,312,263
Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	-	
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$137,052	\$109,080	\$246,132
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	2,721,740	14,997,892	17,719,632
Changes in proportionate share	17,050	33,537	50,587
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$2,875,842	\$15,140,509	\$18,016,351

\$3,200,688 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			·
2023	(\$461,296)	(\$2,242,108)	(\$2,703,404)
2024	(547,116)	(1,985,190)	(2,532,306)
2025	(647,130)	(2,235,195)	(2,882,325)
2026	(835,421)	(2,951,320)	(3,786,741)
Total	(\$2,490,963)	(\$9,413,813)	(\$11,904,776)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Wage Inflation 2.40 percent

Future Salary Increases, including inflation 3.25 percent to 13.58 percent

COLA or Ad Hoc COLA 2.00 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.00 percent net of investment expense, including inflation

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disable members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2020.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalanced uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00%	(0.33%)
US Equity	24.75%	5.72%
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50%	6.55%
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75%	8.54%
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00%	1.14%
Private Equity	11.00%	10.03%
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00%	5.41%
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00%	3.47%
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00%	5.28%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$8,792,317	\$5,284,615	\$2,326,434

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation are presented below:

Inflation

Projected salary increases

2.50 percent

12.50 percent at age 20 to

2.50 percent at age 65

Investment Rate of Return

7.00 percent, net of investment
expenses, including inflation

7.00 percent

Payroll Increases

Cost-of-Living Adjustments
(COLA)

2.50 percent

3.50 percent at age 20 to

2.50 percent at age 65

7.00 percent, net of investment
expenses, including inflation

7.00 percent

0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

The 10 year expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by STRS' investment consultant by developing best estimates of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$32,588,948	\$17,402,807	\$4,570,554

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Changes Between the Measurement Date and the Reporting date - In February 2022, the Board approved changes to demographic measures that will impact the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation. These demographic measures include retirement, salary increase, disability/termination and mortality assumptions. In March 2022, the STRS Board approved benefit plan changes to take effect on July 1, 2022. These changes include a one-time three percent cost-of-living increase (COLA) to be paid to eligible benefit recipients and the elimination of the age 60 requirement for retirement age and service eligibility that was set to take effect in 2026. The effect on the net pension liability is unknown.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

A. Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

The net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the statement of net position represents a liability (asset) for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability (asset) represents the District's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded OPEB liabilities within 30 years. If the OPEB amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

B. Plan Description

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

B. Plan Description (Continued)

In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy – State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2022, 0.0 percent of covered payroll was contributed to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2022, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2022, the District's surcharge obligation was \$84,232.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$84,232 for fiscal year 2022, which is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

B. Plan Description (Continued)

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The District contributes to the cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2022, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to zero percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund.

C. OPEB Liability (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension and OPEB plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$2,786,944	(\$2,869,763)	(\$82,819)
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) -2022	0.1472565%	0.1361094%	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) -2021	0.1433252%	0.1357555%	
Percentage Change	0.0039313%	0.0003539%	
OPEB Expense	\$20,022	(\$180,707)	(\$160,685)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

C. OPEB Liability (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$29,709	\$102,186	\$131,895
Changes of assumptions	437,205	183,306	620,511
Changes in proportionate share	417,870	62,846	480,716
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	84,232	0	84,232
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$969,016	\$348,338	\$1,317,354
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$1,388,035	\$525,794	\$1,913,829
Changes of assumptions	381,653	1,712,022	2,093,675
Changes in proportionate share	145,171	0	145,171
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	60,544	795,446	855,990
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$1,975,403	\$3,033,262	\$5,008,665

\$84,232 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2023	(\$249,547)	(\$764,318)	(\$1,013,865)
2024	(249,971)	(744,409)	(994,380)
2025	(259,772)	(732,116)	(991,888)
2026	(208,583)	(333,710)	(542,293)
2027	(92,355)	(112,983)	(205,338)
Thereafter	(30,391)	2,612	(27,779)
Total	(\$1,090,619)	(\$2,684,924)	(\$3,775,543)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	2.40 percent		
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent		
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent net of investment		
	expense, including inflation		
Municipal Bond Index Rate:			
Measurement Date	1.92 percent		
Prior Measurement Date	2.45 percent		
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,			
including price inflation			
Measurement Date	2.27 percent		
Prior Measurement Date	2.63 percent		
Medical Trend Assumption			
Medicare - Measurement Date	5.125 to 4.40 percent		
Pre-Medicare - Measurement Date	6.75 to 4.40 percent		
Medicare - Prior Measurement Date	5.25 to 4.75 percent		
Pre-Medicare - Prior Measurement Date	7.00 to 4.75 percent		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disable members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2015 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2020 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00%	(0.33%)
US Equity	24.75%	5.72%
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50%	6.55%
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75%	8.54%
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00%	1.14%
Private Equity	11.00%	10.03%
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00%	5.41%
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00%	3.47%
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00%	5.28%
Total	100.00%	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021, was 2.27%. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021, was 2.63%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50% of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 1.92% at June 30, 2021 and 2.45% at June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rates – The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.27%) and higher (3.27%) than the current discount rate (2.27%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (7.75% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (1.27%)	Current Discount Rate (2.27%)	1% Increase (3.27%)
	(1.2770)	(2.2770)	(3.2770)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$3,453,368	\$2,786,944	\$2,254,567
		Current	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
	(5.75% Decreasing	(6.75% Decreasing	(7.75% Decreasing
	to 3.40%)	to 4.40%)	to 5.40%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$2,145,723	\$2,786,944	\$3,643,432

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Projected salary increases 12.50% at age 20 to

2.50% at age 65

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%, net of investment

expenses, including inflation

Payroll Increases 3.00% Discount Rate of Return 7.00%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medical

Pre-Medicare 5.00% initial, 4% ultimate Medicare (16.18%) initial, 4% ultimate

Prescription Drug

Pre-Medicare 6.50% initial, 4% ultimate Medicare 29.98% initial, 4% ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{* 10} year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actual rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets of 7.00% was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rates – The net OPEB liability (asset) is sensitive to changes in the discount and health care cost trend rates. To illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate. Also shown is the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using a health care cost trend rate this is one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher.

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	(\$2,421,630)	(\$2,869,763)	(\$3,244,096)
	1% Decrease in Trend Rate	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase in Trend Rate
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	(\$3,228,928)	(\$2,869,763)	(\$2,425,604)

Changes Between the Measurement Date and the Reporting date - In February 2022, the Board approved changes to demographic measures that will impact the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation. The effect on the net OPEB liability is unknown.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Detail of changes in debt and other long-term obligations of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

		Balance			Balance	Amount Due Within
		June 30, 2021	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2022	One Year
Governmental Activities Debt:						
General Obligation Bonds:						
2020 School Improvement Refunding	1.75-3.02%	\$15,974,281	\$0	(\$145,000)	\$15,829,281	\$150,000
Accreted Interest		237,288	233,178	0	470,466	0
Bond Premium		987,628	0	(49,382)	938,246	0
Total 2020 School Improvement Refunding Bonds		17,199,197	233,178	(194,382)	17,237,993	150,000
2012 School Facility Construction	1.5-5.0%	6,515,000	0	(6,515,000)	0	0
Bond Premium		78,473	0	(78,473)	0	0
Total 2012 School Facility Construction Bonds		6,593,473	0	(6,593,473)	0	0
2022 School Improvement Refunding Bonds	1.92%	0	5,725,000	0	5,725,000	879,000
Total General Obligation Bonds		23,792,670	5,958,178	(6,787,855)	22,962,993	1,029,000
Certificates of Participation:						
2011 Energy Conservation Improvements	6.75%	3,770,000	0	(3,770,000)	0	0
2019 School Building Improvements	3.00-4.00%	8,925,000	0	(415,000)	8,510,000	215,000
Premium		840,281	0	(46,682)	793,599	0
Total Certificates of Participation		13,535,281	0	(4,231,682)	9,303,599	215,000
Governmental Activities Other Long-Term Obligation	ns:					
Leases Payable		126,872	0	(28,320)	98,552	29,621
Compensated Absences		2,439,437	713,519	(485,808)	2,667,148	521,326
Total Governmental Activities		39,894,260	6,671,697	(11,533,665)	35,032,292	1,794,947
Business-Type Activities Other Long-Term Obligati	ons:					
Compensated Absences		68,995	39,790	(12,958)	95,827	8,157
Total Business-Type Activities		68,995	39,790	(12,958)	95,827	8,157
Total Debt and Other						
Long-Term Obligations		\$39,963,255	\$6,711,487	(\$11,546,623)	\$35,128,119	\$1,803,104

In fiscal year 2012 the District issued \$29 million of school construction general obligation bonds. The bond proceeds were used for the construction of two new pre-kindergarten to third grade buildings and one sixth grade building. These bonds were partially refunded in fiscal year 2020 through the issuance of \$16.2 million of refunding general obligation bonds. The remaining bonds were refunded in fiscal year 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

In fiscal year 2011 the District issued \$3.77 million of Certificates of Participation for various energy conservation improvements. In fiscal year 2019 the District issued an additional \$10 million of Certificates of Participation for renovations to existing school facilities. The District paid off the 2011 Certificates of Participation in fiscal year 2022.

The District's overall debt margin was \$19,712,694 with an unvoted debt margin of \$438,172 at June 30, 2022.

A. Principal and Interest Requirements

A summary of the District's future long-term debt funding requirements including principal and interest payments as of June 30, 2022, follows:

Fiscal	Gene	General Obligation Bonds		Certificates of Participation		pation
Years	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$1,029,000	\$513,994	\$1,542,994	\$215,000	\$334,750	\$549,750
2024	449,230	504,186	953,416	230,000	328,300	558,300
2025	1,006,000	494,563	1,500,563	240,000	321,400	561,400
2026	296,051	484,998	781,049	255,000	313,000	568,000
2027	1,021,000	474,989	1,495,989	455,000	302,800	757,800
2028-2032	5,543,000	2,046,529	7,589,529	2,560,000	1,226,200	3,786,200
2033-2037	6,410,000	1,300,530	7,710,530	3,125,000	671,000	3,796,000
2038-2041	5,800,000	353,249	6,153,249	1,430,000	86,400	1,516,400
Totals	\$21,554,281	\$6,173,038	\$27,727,319	\$8,510,000	\$3,583,850	\$12,093,850

B. Defeased Debt

In February 2020, the District defeased \$16,220,000 of General Obligation Bonds for School Building Improvements, dated March 19, 2012, through the issuance of \$16,219,281 of General Obligation Bonds. The net proceeds of the 2020 Bonds have been invested in obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States Government and placed in irrevocable escrow accounts which, including interest earned, will be used to pay the principal and interest on the refunded bonds. The refunded bonds, which have an outstanding balance of \$16,220,000 at June 30, 2022, are not included in the District's outstanding debt since the District has in-substance satisfied its obligations through the advance refunding.

In February 2022, the District defeased \$5,725,000 of General Obligation Bonds for School Building Improvements, dated March 19, 2012, through the issuance of \$5,725,000 of General Obligation Bonds. The net proceeds of the 2022 Bonds have been used to currently refund the 2012 Bonds. The District reduced its aggregate debt service payments over the life of the refunded bonds by \$301,939 and obtained an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$270,417.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

B. Defeased Debt (Continued)

In March 2022, the District extinguished \$3,770,000 of Certificates of Participation debt for various energy conservation improvements with cash on hand as well as the balance of a debt sinking fund. The District reduced its aggregate debt service payments over the life of the refunded debt by \$216,865 and obtained an economic gain of \$181,360.

NOTE 14 - LEASE COMMITMENTS

The District leases several copiers. The cost of the equipment obtained under lease is \$149,520, the accumulated depreciation is \$59,808 and the net book value is \$89,712, which is included in the Governmental Activities Capital Assets and the related liability is included in the Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities.

A summary of the District's future lease requirements including principal and interest payments as of June 30, 2022, follows:

Fiscal	Governmental Activities			
Years	Principal	Interest	Total	
2023	\$29,621	\$3,829	\$33,450	
2024	30,982	2,468	33,450	
2025	32,405	1,045	33,450	
2026	5,544	31	5,575	
Totals	\$98,552	\$7,373	\$105,925	

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2022, the District contracted with Ohio School Plan for property and other professional liability insurance coverage. Total coverage amounted to \$135,184,022 with a \$1,000 deductible.

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverages from coverages in the prior year. In addition, settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverages in any of the past three fiscal years.

Workers' compensation claims are covered through the District's participation in the State of Ohio's program. The District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based upon a rate per \$100 of payroll. The rate is determined based on accident history and administrative costs.

On January 1, 2020, the District began providing group health care to employees and their eligible dependents through a self-insured program. Premiums are paid into an internal service fund by all funds having compensated employees based on an analysis of historical claims experience, the desired fund balances and the number of active participating employees. The monies paid into the self-insurance fund are available to pay claims. The plan is administered by Medical Mutual, which monitors all claim payments. Specific stop loss coverage becomes effective after \$150,000 per member, per year, and the annual aggregate stop loss reimbursement maximum is \$1,000,000. The outstanding claims at June 30, 2022, for the health care self-insurance program amounted to \$594,573.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The claims liability reported in the fund at June 30, 2022 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 30, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the fund's claims liability amount in fiscal year 2022 were as follows:

		Current Year		
	Beginning of	Claims and		Balance at
	Fiscal Year	Changes in	Claims	Fiscal
Fiscal Year	Liability	Estimates	Payments	Year End
2021	\$432,701	\$4,517,225	(\$4,648,233)	\$301,693
2022	\$301,693	\$4,341,919	(\$4,049,039)	\$594,573

NOTE 16 – SET-ASIDES

The District is required by state law to set aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined, into reserve. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the reserve activity (cash-basis) was as follows:

	Capital
	Acquisition
Set-aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$0
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement	595,462
Current Year Offset Credits	(1,447,494)
Qualifying Disbursements	(5,228,840)
Total	(\$6,080,872)
Set-aside Cash Balance	\$0

Although the District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero, the extra amount for capital acquisition may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years. Negative amounts for capital acquisition are therefore not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 17 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Metropolitan Educational Technology Association

The Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META) is a computer consortium and educational solutions partner providing services across Ohio. META provides cost-effective fiscal, network, technology and student services, a purchasing cooperative, and other individual services based on each client's needs.

The governing board of META consists of a president, vice president and six board members who represent the members of META. The Board works with META's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer, and Chief Financial Officer to manage operations and ensure the continued progress of the organization's mission, vision, and values. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the Association including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each School District's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. The District paid META \$77,253 for services provided during the fiscal year. Financial information can be obtained from Ashley Widby, who serves as Chief Financial Officer, at 100 Executive Drive, Marion, Ohio 43302.

B. Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council

The Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC) is a purchasing cooperative made up of over 126 public school districts in 18 counties. The purpose of the cooperative is to obtain prices for quality merchandise and services commonly used by schools. All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges or other assessments as established by the SOEPC.

Each member district has one voting representative. Title to any and all equipment, furniture and supplies purchased by the SOEPC is held in trust for the member districts. Any district withdrawing from the SOEPC shall forfeit its claim to any and all SOEPC assets. One year prior notice is necessary for withdrawal from the group. During this time, the withdrawing member is liable for all member obligations. Payments to the SOEPC are made from the General Fund. During fiscal year 2022 no monies were paid to SOEPC. To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Cooperative, Ken Swink, Director, 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208 Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 17 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

C. Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association

The Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association (SOITA) is a not-for-profit corporation formed under Section 1702.01 of the Ohio Revised Code. The purpose of this corporation is to serve the educational needs of the area through television programming for the advancement of educational programs.

The Board of Trustees is comprised of twenty-one representatives of SOITA member schools or institutions. Twenty-one representatives are elected from within the counties, i.e. Auglaize, Brown, Butler, Champaign, Clark, Clermont, Clinton, Darke, Fayette, Greene, Hamilton, Logan, Mercer, Miami, Montgomery, Preble, Shelby and Warren. Montgomery, Greene and Butler Counties shall elect two representatives per area. All superintendents except for those from educational service centers vote on the representatives after the remaining committee nominees run. One at-large non-public representative shall be elected by the non-public school SOITA members from the State assigned SOITA service area. One at-large higher educational representative shall be elected by higher education SOITA members from within the State assigned SOITA service area.

All member districts are obligated to pay fees, charges or other assessments as established by the SOITA. Upon dissolution, the net position shall be distributed to the federal government, or to a state or local government, for a public purpose. Payments to SOITA are made from the General Fund. During fiscal year 2022 no significant amounts were paid to the SOITA. To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association, Deb Tschirhart, Executive Director, 1205 East Fifth Street, Dayton, Ohio 45402.

D. Upper Valley Career Center

The Upper Valley Career Center (Career Center) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio which provides vocational education. The Career Center operates under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each participating School District's elected board. The Board possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The degree of control exercised by the District is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained from Anthony Fraley, who serves as Treasurer, 8811 Career Drive, Piqua, Ohio 45356.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 17 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

E. Educational Regional Service System Region 10

The School District participates in the Educational Regional Service System (ERSS) Region 10, a jointly governed organization consisting of educational entities within Clark, Darke, Greene, Miami, Montgomery, and Preble counties. The purpose of the ERSS is to provide support services to school districts, community schools, and chartered nonpublic schools within the region by supporting State and school initiatives and efforts to improve school effectiveness and student achievement with a specific reference to the provision of special education and related services. The ERSS is governed by an advisory council, which is the policymaking body for the educational entities within the region, who identifies regional needs and priorities for educational services and develops corresponding policies to coordinate the delivery of services. They are also charged with the responsibility of monitoring the implementation of State and regional initiatives and school improvement efforts. The Advisory Council is made up of the director of the ERSS, the superintendent of each educational service center within the region, the superintendent of the region's largest and smallest school district, the director and an employee from each education technology center, one representative of a four-year institution of higher education and appointed by the Ohio Board of Regents, one representative of a two-year institution of higher education and appointed by the Ohio Association of Community Colleges, three board of education members (one each from a city, exempted village, and local school district within the region), and one business representative. The degree of control exercised by any participating educational entity is limited to its representation on the Advisory Council. Financial information can be obtained from the Montgomery County Educational Service Center, 200 South Keowee Street, Dayton, Ohio, 45402.

NOTE 18 – RELATED ORGANIZATION

The Piqua Public Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Piqua City School District Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel and does not depend on the District for operational subsidies. Although the District does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Piqua Public Library, Jeremie Hittle, Financial Officer, 116 W. High Street, Piqua, Ohio 45356.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 19 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022.

B. Litigation

The District is not a party to any legal proceedings which seek damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and pending projects as of June 30, 2022.

C. School Foundation

School District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Traditional school districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the school district, which can extend past the fiscal year end. ODE has finalized these adjustments, which did not have a significant impact on the District's financial position.

NOTE 20 – SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

At June 30, 2022 the District had encumbrance commitments in the Governmental Funds as follows:

Fund	Encumbrances
General Fund	\$201,065
ESSER Fund	93,121
Permanent Improvement Fund	3,603,949
Other Governmental Funds	125,914
Total Governmental Funds	\$4,024,049

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 20 – SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS (Continued)

At June 30, 2022 the District had the following contractual commitments:

	Remaining
	Contractual
Project	Commitment
Piqua High School Renovations	\$2,253,337
Junior High School Renovations	1,087,969
	\$3,341,306



Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Eight Fiscal Years

	2015	2016	2017
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.1188226%	0.1243607%	0.1265845%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$28,901,770	\$34,369,651	\$42,371,639
District's covered payroll	\$12,156,608	\$12,118,571	\$13,639,879
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	237.75%	283.61%	310.65%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74.70%	72.10%	66.80%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and State Teachers Retirement System

School Employees Retirement System

	2015	2016	2017
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.1302800%	0.1335200%	0.1350718%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$6,593,398	\$7,618,781	\$9,886,014
District's covered payroll	\$3,807,165	\$4,017,800	\$4,192,064
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	173.18%	189.63%	235.83%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension			
liability	71.70%	69.16%	62.98%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and School Employees Retirement System

Notes: The District implemented GASB Statements 68 in fiscal year 2015.

The schedule is intended to show ten years of information. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Information prior to 2015 is not available.

The schedule is reported as of the measurement date of the Net Pension Liability.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
0.1302409%	0.1337680%	0.1356461%	0.1357555%	0.1361094%
\$30,938,998	\$29,412,576	\$29,997,321	\$32,848,001	\$17,402,807
\$13,969,771	\$15,910,686	\$16,466,914	\$16,533,814	\$17,017,143
221.47%	184.86%	182.17%	198.67%	102.27%
75.30%	77.30%	77.40%	75.48%	87.78%
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
0.1317167%	0.1385132%	0.1303059%	0.1398743%	0.1432260%
\$7,869,786	\$7,932,908	\$7,796,424	\$9,251,572	\$5,284,615
\$4,375,521	\$4,498,015	\$4,632,852	\$4,732,643	\$4,930,771
179.86%	176.36%	168.29%	195.48%	107.18%
69.50%	71.36%	70.85%	68.55%	82.86%

Schedule of District's Pension Contributions Last Nine Fiscal Years

State Teachers Retirement System

	2014	2015	2016
Contractually required contribution	\$1,580,359	\$1,696,600	\$1,909,583
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,580,359	1,696,600	1,909,583
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0
District's covered payroll	\$12,156,608	\$12,118,571	\$13,639,879
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.00%	14.00%	14.00%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and State Teachers Retirement System

School Employees Retirement System

	2014	2015	2016
Contractually required contribution	\$527,673	\$529,546	\$586,889
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	527,673	529,546	586,889
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0
District's covered payroll	\$3,807,165	\$4,017,800	\$4,192,064
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.86%	13.18%	14.00%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and School Employees Retirement System

Notes: The District implemented GASB Statement 68 in fiscal year 2015.

The schedule is intended to show ten years of information. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Information prior to 2014 is not available.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	
\$1,955,768	\$2,227,496	\$2,305,368	\$2,314,734	\$2,382,400	\$2,527,293	
1,955,768	2,227,496	2,305,368	2,314,734	2,382,400	2,527,293	
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
\$13,969,771	\$15,910,686	\$16,466,914	\$16,533,814	\$17,017,143	\$18,052,093	
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00% 14.00%		
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	
\$612,573	\$607,232	\$625,435	\$662,570	\$690,308	\$673,395	
612,573	607,232	625,435	662,570	690,308	673,395	
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
\$4,375,521	\$4,498,015	\$4,632,852	\$4,732,643	\$4,930,771	\$4,809,964	
14.00%	13.50%	13.50%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability (Asset) Last Six Fiscal Years

State Teachers Retirement System								
Fiscal Year	2017	2018	2019					
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.1265845%	0.1302409%	0.1337680%					
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$6,965,316	\$5,081,518	(\$2,149,514)					
District's covered payroll	\$13,639,879	\$13,969,771	\$15,910,686					
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	51.07%	36.38%	(13.51%)					
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB								
liability	37.30%	47.10%	176.00%					

Source: District Treasurer's Office and State Teachers Retirement System

School Employees Retirement System

Fiscal Year	2017	2018	2019	
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.1350718%	0.1334029%	0.1399945%	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$3,802,476	\$3,580,182	\$3,883,825	
District's covered payroll	\$4,192,064	\$4,375,521	\$4,498,015	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	90.71%	81.82%	86.35%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	11.49%	12.46%	13.57%	

Source: District Treasurer's Office and School Employees Retirement System

Notes: The District implemented GASB Statement 75 in fiscal year 2018.

The schedule is intended to show ten years of information. Additional years

will be displayed as they become available. Information prior to 2017 is not available.

The schedule is reported as of the measurement date of the Net OPEB Liability, which is the prior year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

2020	2021	2022
0.1356461%	0.1357555%	0.1361094%
(\$2,246,625)	(\$2,385,902)	(\$2,869,763)
\$16,466,914	\$16,533,814	\$17,017,143
(13.64%)	(14.43%)	(16.86%)
174.74%	182.13%	174.73%
2020	2021	2022
0.1337800%	0.1433252%	0.1472565%
\$3,364,283	\$3,114,921	\$2,786,944
\$4,632,852	\$4,732,643	\$4,930,771
72.62%	65.82%	56.52%
15.57%	18.17%	24.08%

Schedule of District's Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Contributions Last Nine Fiscal Years

State Teachers Retirement System

Fiscal Year	2014	2015	2016
Contractually required contribution	\$121,645	\$0	\$0
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	121,645	0	0
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0
District's covered payroll	\$12,156,608	\$12,118,571	\$13,639,879
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and State Teachers Retirement System

School Employees Retirement System

Fiscal Year	2014	2015	2016
Contractually required contribution	\$72,238	\$112,897	\$67,915
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution (1)	72,238	112,897	67,915
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0
District's covered payroll	\$3,807,165	\$4,017,800	\$4,192,064
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.90%	2.81%	1.62%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and School Employees Retirement System

Notes: The District implemented GASB Statement 75 in fiscal year 2018. Information prior to 2014 is not available.

(1) Includes Surcharge

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

2017	2010	2010	2020	2021	2022
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
0	0	0	0	0	0
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$13,969,771	\$15,910,686	\$16,466,914	\$16,533,814	\$17,017,143	\$18,052,093
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
<u>2017</u> \$71,509	<u>2018</u> \$95,780	2019 \$105,955	2020 \$83,455	<u>2021</u> \$92,620	2022 \$84,232
\$71,309	\$93,780	\$105,955	ф03, 1 33	\$92,020	Ψ0+,232
71,509	95,780	105,955	83,455	92,620	84,232
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$4,375,521	\$4,498,015	\$4,632,852	\$4,732,643	\$4,930,771	\$4,809,964
1.63%	2.13%	2.29%	1.76%	1.88%	1.75%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NET PENSION LIABILITY

SERS

Changes in benefit terms – For fiscal years 2022 through 2019, there were no changes to benefit terms. For fiscal year 2018, the following were the most significant changes in benefits that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

• The cost-of-living adjustment was changed from a fixed 3.00 percent to a cost-of-living adjustment that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.5 percent with a floor of 0 percent beginning January 1, 2018. In addition, with the authority granted the Board under HB 49, the Board has enacted a three-year COLA suspension for benefit recipients in calendars 2018, 2019, and 2020.

There were no changes to benefit terms for fiscal years 2015 through 2017.

Changes in assumptions

For fiscal year 2022, the following changes were made to the actuarial assumptions as identified. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2021 and prior are presented below:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00% to 2.40%
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 3.50% to 1.75%
- Assumed real wage growth was increased from 0.50% to 0.85%
- Cost-of-Living-Adjustments was reduced from 2.50% to 2.00%
- The discount rate was reduced from 7.50% to 7.00%
- Rates of withdrawal, compensation, participation, spouse coverage assumption, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality among active members was updated to the following:
 - o PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.
- Mortality among service retired members was updated to the following:
 - o PUB-2010 General Employee Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.
- Mortality among contingent survivors was updated to the following:
 - o PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.
- Mortality among disabled members was updated to the following:
 - o PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NET PENSION LIABILITY (Continued)

SERS (Continued)

For fiscal years 2021, 2020, and 2019 there were no changes in assumptions.

For fiscal year 2018, the following changes were made to the actuarial assumptions as identified. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2017 and prior are presented below:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%
- Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%
- Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality among active members was updated to the following:
 - o RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. The above rates represent the base rates used.
- Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following:
 - o RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates.
- Mortality among disable member was updated to the following:
 - o RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

There were no changes in assumptions for fiscal years 2015 through 2017.

STRS

Changes in benefit terms – For fiscal years 2022 through 2019, there were no changes to benefit terms. For fiscal year 2018, the cost of living adjustment (COLA) was reduced to 0 percent effective July 1, 2017. There were no changes to benefit terms for fiscal years 2015 through 2017.

Changes in assumptions – In fiscal year 2022 the investment return was lowered from 7.45 percent to 7.00 percent. For fiscal year 2021, 2020, and 2019, there were no changes in assumptions. For fiscal year 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- Inflation assumptions were lowered from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.
- Investment return assumptions were lowered from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent.
- Total salary increases rates were lowered by decreasing merit component of the individual salary increases, as well as by 0.25 percent due to lower inflation.
- Payroll growth assumptions were lowered to 3.00 percent.
- Updated the health and disability mortality assumption to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016.
- Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

There were no changes in assumptions for fiscal years 2015 through 2017.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

SERS

Changes in benefit terms – There were no changes to benefit terms for fiscal years 2022 - 2018.

Changes in assumptions – For fiscal year 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The discount rate was changed from 2.63% to 2.27%
- The investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.00%
- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00% to 2.40%
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 3.50% to 1.75%
- Assumed real wage growth was increased from 0.50% to 0.85%
- Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience
- Rate of health care participation for future retirees and spouses was updated to reflect recent experience
- Mortality among active members was updated to the following:
 - o PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table.
- Mortality among service retired members was updated to the following:
 - PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females.
- Mortality among beneficiaries was updated to the following:
 - PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females.
- Mortality among disabled member was updated to the following:
 - PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females.
- Mortality rates are projected using a fully generational projection with Scale MP-2020.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) (Continued)

SERS (Continued)

For fiscal year 2021, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.13 percent to 2.45 percent.
- The single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.22 percent to 2.63 percent.

For fiscal year 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62 percent to 3.13 percent.
- The single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70 percent to 3.22 percent.
- The medical trend assumption rate changed as follows:
 - \circ Medicare -2019 5.375 to 4.75 percent, 2020 5.25 to 4.75 percent
 - o Pre-Medicare 2019 7.25 to 4.75 percent, 2020 7.00 to 4.75

For fiscal year 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The discount rate was changed from 3.63 percent to 3.70 percent.
- The municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56 percent to 3.62 percent.
- The single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63 percent to 3.70 percent.
- The medical trend assumption rate changed as follows:
 - \circ Medicare -2018 5.50 to 5.00 percent, 2019 5.375 to 4.75 percent
 - o Pre-Medicare 2018 7.50 to 5.00 percent, 2019 7.25 to 4.75

For fiscal year 2018, the following was the most significant change of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

• The discount rate was increased from 2.98 percent to 3.63.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) (Continued)

SERS (Continued)

For fiscal year 2017, the following was the most significant change of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%
- Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%
- Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality among active members was updated to the following:
 - o RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females.
- Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following:
 - o RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates.
- Mortality among disabled members was updated to the following:
 - o RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

STRS

Changes in benefit terms – For fiscal year 2022 the following was the most significant change in benefit terms that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

• The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

For fiscal year 2021 the following was the most significant change in benefit terms that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

• The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

For fiscal year 2020, the following was the most significant change in benefit terms that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

• The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944% to 1.984% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) (Continued)

STRS (Continued)

For fiscal year 2019, the following was the most significant change in benefit terms that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

• The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were scheduled to be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020, though the STRS Board voted in June 2019 to extent the current Medicare Part B partial reimbursement for one year.

For fiscal year 2018, STRS has the following changes in benefit terms since the previous measurement date:

- The HealthSpan HMO plans were eliminated.
- The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced to 1.9 percent per year of service from 2.1 percent.
- Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for survivors and beneficiaries who
 were age 65 by 2008 and either receiving a benefit or named as a beneficiary as of January 1,
 2008.
- The remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be phased out over a three-year period.

There were no changes to benefit terms for fiscal year 2017.

Changes in assumptions – In fiscal year 2022 the investment return was lowered from 7.45 percent to 7.00 percent.

For fiscal year 2021 the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The health care trend assumption rate changed as follows:
 - o Medical Medicare from 4.93 percent to (6.69) percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - o Medical Pre-Medicare from 5.87 percent to 5.00 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - Prescription Drug Medicare from 9.62 percent to 11.87 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - o Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare from 7.73 percent to 6.50 initial, 4 percent ultimate

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) (Continued)

STRS (Continued)

For fiscal year 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The health care trend assumption rate changed as follows:
 - o Medical Medicare from 6 percent to 4.93 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - o Medical Pre-Medicare from 5 percent to 5.87 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - o Prescription Drug Medicare from 8 percent to 9.62 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - o Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare from -5.23 percent to 7.73 initial, 4 percent ultimate

For fiscal year 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The discount rate increased from a 4.13 percent blended discount rate to 7.45 percent.
- The health care trend assumption rate changed from 6 to 11 percent initial, 4.5 percent ultimate to:
 - o Medical Medicare 6 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - o Medical Pre-Medicare 5 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - o Prescription Drug Medicare 8 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - o Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare -5.23 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate

For fiscal year 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB 74.
- The long-term rate of return was reduced to 7.45 percent.
- Valuation-year per capita health costs were updated.
- The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data.
- The assumed future trend rates were modified.
- Decrement rates including mortality, disability, retirement, and withdrawal were modified.
- The assumed percentage of future disabled retirees assumed to elect health coverage was decreased from 84 percent to 65 percent, and the assumed percentage of terminated vested participants assumed to elect health coverage at retirement was decreased from 47 percent to 30 percent.
- The assumed salary scale was modified.

There were no changes in assumptions for fiscal year 2017.

Combining and Individual F_{UND} Statements and S_{CHEDULES}

The following combining statements and schedules include the Major and Nonmajor Governmental Funds.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than amounts relating to private purpose trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Special Trust Fund

To account for contributions, investment earnings, and other revenues to be used for community gifts and awards.

Public School Support Fund

To account for specific local revenue sources, other than taxes that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes, curricular and extracurricular, approved by board resolutions. (The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances are not presented because this fund is reported as part of the General Fund on a GAAP basis.)

Other Grant Fund

To account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, except for state and federal grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

District Managed Activity Fund

To account for student activity programs which have student participation in the activity without involvement in the management of the program. Typically this includes athletic programs, band, cheerleaders and other similar activities.

Auxiliary Services Fund

To account for monies which provide services and materials to pupils attending non-public schools within the District.

Student Wellness and Success Fund

To account for monies received to assist the District to plan and launch health and wellness services to meet the needs of student wellness initiatives.

Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund

To account for various monies received through state agencies from the federal government or directly from the federal government which are not classified elsewhere. (The Balance Sheet is not presented because there are no assets or liabilities at year end).

Title III Limited English Proficiency Fund

To account for grants used to develop and carry out elementary and secondary school programs to meet the educational needs of children of limited English proficiency. (The Balance Sheet is not presented because there are no assets or liabilities at year end.)

(Continued)

Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

Title I School Improvement A Fund

To account for grants to improve the teaching and learning of children failing, or most at risk of failing to meet State academic achievement standards.

IDEA-B Fund

To account for monies received through grants to assist in the identification of handicapped children, development of procedural safeguards, implementation of least restrictive alternative service patterns, and provision of full educational opportunities to handicapped children at the preschool, elementary and secondary levels.

Title I Disadvantaged Children Assistance Fund

To account for financial assistance received from federal program to meet the special needs of educationally deprived children.

Title IV-A Fund

To account for financial assistance received from federal program to provide students with a well-rounded education, improve school conditions for student learning and to improve the use of technology for academic achievement and digital literacy of students.

Classroom Facilities Maintenance Fund

To account for levy proceeds for the maintenance of District facilities.

Title II-A Fund

To account for federal revenues which support class reduction in grades 1-3 through employment of teachers.

Preschool Grant Fund

To account for federal revenues to be used for providing special education and related services to preschool students with disabilities. (The Balance Sheet is not presented because there are no assets or liabilities at year end.)

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2022

	Special Trust		Other Grant		District Managed Activity		Auxiliary Services	
Assets:								
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	226,236	\$	110,434	\$	465,562	\$	15,214
Receivables:								
Taxes		0		0		0		0
Accounts		0		0		15,721		0
Intergovernmental		0		0		0		0
Total Assets	\$	226,236	\$	110,434	\$	481,283	\$	15,214
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	0	\$	0	\$	165	\$	0
Accrued Wages and Benefits		0		0		0		1,941
Intergovernmental Payable		0		0		2		649
Interfund Loans Payable		0		0		0		0
Total Liabilities		0		0		167		2,590
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable Amounts		0		0		0		0
Property Tax Levy for Next Fiscal Year		0		0		0		0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		0		0		0		0
Fund Balance:								
Restricted		226,236		110,434		481,116		12,624
Unassigned		0		0		0		0
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		226,236		110,434		481,116		12,624
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					,			
Resources and Fund Balance	\$	226,236	\$	110,434	\$	481,283	\$	15,214

W	Student Title I School Wellness and Improvement Success A		 Title I Disadvantaged Children IDEA-B Assistance		Title IV-A		Classroom Facilities Maintenance			
\$	801,039	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,304,105
	0 0 0		0 0 32,287	0 0 198,605		0 0 149,865		0 0 10,264		185,553 0 0
\$	801,039	\$	32,287	\$ 198,605	\$	149,865	\$	10,264	\$	1,489,658
	_			 _			•	_		_
\$	910 38,627 6,257 0 45,794	\$	2,776 0 1,705 4,481 27,671 0	\$ 0 119,366 4,725 1,195 125,286 131,274 0	\$	0 85,878 13,195 64,419 163,492 92,326 0	\$	0 0 0 0 0 7,764 0	\$	0 0 0 0 0 0 7,777 153,166
	0		27,671	 131,274		92,326		7,764		160,943
_	755,245 0 755,245	_	135 0 135	0 (57,955) (57,955)	_	0 (105,953) (105,953)		2,500 0 2,500		1,328,715 0 1,328,715
\$	801,039	\$	32,287	\$ 198,605	\$	149,865	\$	10,264	\$	1,489,658

(Continued)

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2022

	Title II-A		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
Assets:				
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	0	\$	2,922,590
Receivables:				
Taxes		0		185,553
Accounts		0		15,721
Intergovernmental		68,145		459,166
Total Assets	\$	68,145	\$	3,583,030
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$	0	\$	1,075
Accrued Wages and Benefits		6,408		254,996
Intergovernmental Payable		0		24,828
Interfund Loans Payable		9,650		76,969
Total Liabilities		16,058		357,868
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Unavailable Amounts		51,447		318,259
Property Tax Levy for Next Fiscal Year		0		153,166
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		51,447		471,425
Fund Balance:				
Restricted		640		2,917,645
Unassigned		0		(163,908)
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		640		2,753,737
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balance	\$	68,145	\$	3,583,030

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		ial Trust	Other Grant		District Managed Activity		Auxiliary Services	
Revenues:								
Local Sources:								
Taxes	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Investment Earnings		45		0		92		5
Extracurricular Activities		455		1,037		287,798		0
Intermediate Sources		0		64,323		0		0
Intergovernmental - State		0		0		0		130,894
Intergovernmental - Federal		0		0		0		0
All Other Revenue		29,949		23,353		86,633		0
Total Revenues		30,449		88,713		374,523		130,899
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction		4,686		94,580		1,897		0
Supporting Services:								
Pupils		3,197		4,000		7,972		0
Instructional Staff		0		2,608		0		0
Board of Education		0		2,431		0		0
Administration		19,874		0		0		0
Fiscal Services		0		0		0		0
Business		3,179		0		0		0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		0		0		0		0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		0		0		0		131,638
Extracurricular Activities		0		2,047		384,405		0
Capital Outlay		0		0		0		0
Total Expenditures		30,936		105,666		394,274		131,638
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(487)		(16,953)		(19,751)		(739)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Sale of Capital Assets		0		0		3,882		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		0		3,882		0
Net Change in Fund Balance		(487)		(16,953)		(15,869)		(739)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		226,723		127,387		496,985		13,363
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$	226,236	\$	110,434	\$	481,116	\$	12,624
								Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Revenues:	Student Wellness and Success	M iscellaneous Federal Grants	Title III Limited English Proficiency	Title I School Improvement A	
Local Sources:					
Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	
Investment Earnings	0	0	0	0	
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0	0	
Intermediate Sources	0	0	0	0	
Intergovernmental - State	0	0	0	0	
Intergovernmental - Federal	0	2,214	5,278	20,959	
All Other Revenue	0	0	0	0	
Total Revenues	0	2,214	5,278	20,959	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction	324,244	4,320	5,278	20,824	
Supporting Services:					
Pupils	53,112	0	0	0	
Instructional Staff	0	0	0	0	
Board of Education	0	0	0	0	
Administration	0	0	0	0	
Fiscal Services	0	0	0	0	
Business	0	0	0	0	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	30,984	0	0	0	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	0	1,134	0	0	
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0	0	
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	0	
Total Expenditures	408,340	5,454	5,278	20,824	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(408,340)	(3,240)	0	135	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Sale of Capital Assets	0	0	0	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	0	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(408,340)	(3,240)	0	135	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	1,163,585	3,240	0	0	
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$ 755,245	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 135	

IDEA-B	Title I Disadvantaged Children Assistance	Title IV-A	Classroom Facilities Maintenance	Title II-A	Preschool Grant	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 169,376	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 169,376
0	0	0	286	0	0	428
0	0	0	0	0	0	289,290
0	0	0	0	0	0	64,323
0	0	0	23,297	0	0	154,191
920,767	789,368	70,299	0	139,532	38,499	1,986,916
0	0	0	0	0	0	139,935
920,767	789,368	70,299	192,959	139,532	38,499	2,804,459
868,712	843,516	66,762	0	40,460	38,499	2,313,778
0	0	0	0	0	0	68,281
13,136	25,454	0	0	93,344	0	134,542
0	0	0	0	0	0	2,431
0	0	0	0	0	0	19,874
0	0	0	2,809	0	0	2,809
0	0	0	0	0	0	3,179
0	0	0	59,190	0	0	90,174
77,048	24,986	1,037	0	6,737	0	242,580
0	0	0	0	0	0	386,452
0	0	0	87,371	0	0	87,371
958,896	893,956	67,799	149,370	140,541	38,499	3,351,471
(38,129)	(104,588)	2,500	43,589	(1,009)	0	(547,012)
0	0	0	0	0	0	3,882
0	0	0	0	0	0	3,882
(38,129)	(104,588)	2,500	43,589	(1,009)	0	(543,130)
(19,826)	(1,365)	0	1,285,126	1,649	0	3,296,867
\$ (57,955)	\$ (105,953)	\$ 2,500	\$ 1,328,715	\$ 640	\$ 0	\$ 2,753,737

Schedule Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Funds – General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Original Budget Final Budget		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	- Silgilia Buuget	T mai Burger	Actual	(1.5)	
Local Sources:					
Taxes	\$ 17,209,543	\$ 18,066,946	\$ 18,066,946	\$	0
Tuition	745,000	364,505	364,505	Ψ	0
Transportation Fees	500	413	413		0
Investment Earnings	200,000	59,588	59,588		0
Class Material and Fees	80,971	58,322	58,322		0
	,	ŕ	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Intergovernmental - State	20,642,886	20,025,026	20,025,026		0
Intergovernmental - Federal	468,552	540,505	540,505		0
All Other Revenues	105,310	396,183	396,183		0
Total Revenues	39,452,762	39,511,488	39,511,488		0
Expenditures:					
Instructional Services:					
Regular:					
Salaries and Wages	10,035,661	11,063,671	11,063,671		0
Fringe Benefits	4,085,379	4,194,429	4,194,429		0
Purchased Services	2,777,828	1,635,114	1,635,114		0
Supplies and Materials	636,633	325,517	325,517		0
Capital Outlay	11,952	269,307	269,307		0
Total Regular	17,547,453	17,488,038	17,488,038		0
Special:					
Salaries and Wages	1,450,374	1,427,316	1,427,316		0
Fringe Benefits	617,632	666,160	666,160		0
Purchased Services	4,418,821	3,860,327	3,860,327		0
Supplies and Materials	8,196	1,235	1,235		0
Other Expenditures	534	0	0		0
Capital Outlay	43,230	20,966	20,966		0
Total Special	6,538,787	5,976,004	5,976,004		0
Other:					
Purchased Services	500,785	0	0		0
Total Other	500,785	0	0		0
Total Instructional Services	24,587,025	23,464,042	23,464,042		0
				(Co	ntinued)

(Continued)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Support Services:	Oliginal Buaget	T mar Buaget	1100001	(Tregative)
Pupils:				
Salaries and Wages	1,039,280	1,148,827	1,148,827	(
Fringe Benefits	514,395	441,953	441,953	(
Purchased Services	647,723	978,447	978,447	(
Supplies and Materials	28,852	17,018	17,018	(
Capital Outlay	14,990	3,013	3,013	(
Total Pupils	2,245,240	2,589,258	2,589,258	
Instructional Staff:				
Salaries and Wages	1,624,966	1,544,304	1,544,304	(
Fringe Benefits	938,675	889,613	889,613	(
Purchased Services	22,754	19,583	19,583	(
Supplies and Materials	48,266	33,935	33,935	(
Total Instructional Staff	2,634,661	2,487,435	2,487,435	
Board of Education:				
Salaries and Wages	8,513	8,125	8,125	(
Fringe Benefits	1,624	420	420	(
Purchased Services	19,485	17,349	17,349	(
Supplies and Materials	0	7,412	7,412	(
Total Board of Education	29,622	33,306	33,306	
Administration:				
Salaries and Wages	1,666,924	1,617,192	1,617,192	(
Fringe Benefits	786,889	762,259	762,259	(
Purchased Services	285,433	311,412	311,412	(
Supplies and Materials	31,110	25,142	25,142	(
Other Expenditures	11,704	4,584	4,584	(
Capital Outlay	10,500	2,324	2,324	(
Total Administration	2,792,560	2,722,913	2,722,913	
Fiscal Services:				
Salaries and Wages	379,671	385,828	385,828	(
Fringe Benefits	177,900	162,800	162,800	(
Purchased Services	89,489	105,310	105,310	(
Supplies and Materials	2,432	7,470	7,470	(
Other Expenditures	296,022	298,554	298,554	(
Capital Outlay	39,900	23,559	23,559	(
Total Fiscal Services	985,414	983,521	983,521	(

(Continued)

Schedule Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Funds – General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant:	- STIGITUS D'UNGET			(Freguerie)
Salaries and Wages	964,288	836,117	836,117	0
Fringe Benefits	511,730	433,082	433,082	0
Purchased Services	1,314,799	1,240,945	1,240,945	0
Supplies and Materials	216,165	268,098	268,098	0
Capital Outlay	0	34,398	34,398	0
Total Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,006,982	2,812,640	2,812,640	0
Pupil Transportation:				
Salaries and Wages	845,037	914,130	914,130	0
Fringe Benefits	433,357	406,973	406,973	0
Purchased Services	90,302	102,543	102,543	0
Supplies and Materials	148,801	232,689	232,689	0
Other Expenditures	55	165	165	0
Capital Outlay	45,664	5,390	5,390	0
Total Pupil Transportation	1,563,216	1,661,890	1,661,890	0
Central:				
Salaries and Wages	189,202	191,302	191,302	0
Fringe Benefits	139,307	132,831	132,831	0
Purchased Services	28,254	29,506	29,506	0
Total Central	356,763	353,639	353,639	0
Total Support Services	13,614,458	13,644,602	13,644,602	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Fringe Benefits	332	214	214	0
Total Operation of Non-Instructional Services	332	214	214	0
Extracurricular Activities:				
Salaries and Wages	481,954	485,354	485,354	0
Fringe Benefits	55,874	6,056	6,056	0
Purchased Services	2,332	3,711	3,711	0
Total Extracurricular Activities	540,160	495,121	495,121	0
Total Expenditures	38,741,975	37,603,979	37,603,979	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	710,787	1,907,509	1,907,509	0
				(Continued)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	0	(2,777,713)	(2,777,713)	0
Refund of Prior Year's Expenditures	630,892	679,480	679,480	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):	630,892	(2,098,233)	(2,098,233)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,341,679	(190,724)	(190,724)	0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	19,923,865	19,923,865	19,923,865	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	220,326	220,326	220,326	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 21,485,870	\$ 19,953,467	\$ 19,953,467	\$ 0

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Funds – Special Revenue Fund – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Local Sources:				
	¢ 0.001.225	Ф. 0.001.22 <i>5</i>	e 4.570.530	e (4.220.607)
Intergovernmental - Federal	\$ 8,901,235	\$ 8,901,235	\$ 4,570,538	\$ (4,330,697)
Total Revenues	8,901,235	8,901,235	4,570,538	(4,330,697)
Expenditures:				
Instructional Services:				
Regular:				
Salaries and Wages	1,711,743	369,228	369,228	0
Fringe Benefits	275,282	3,447	3,447	0
Purchased Services	1,067,046	841,951	841,951	0
Supplies and Materials	280,000	297,622	297,622	0
Total Regular	3,334,071	1,512,248	1,512,248	0
Special:				
Purchased Services	1,044,309	125,426	125,426	0
Total Special	1,044,309	125,426	125,426	0
Total Instructional Services	4,378,380	1,637,674	1,637,674	0
Support Services:				
Pupils:				
Salaries and Wages	262,320	155,758	155,758	0
Fringe Benefits	43,152	111,728	111,728	0
Purchased Services	0	22,652	22,652	0
Total Pupils	305,472	290,138	290,138	0
Instructional Staff:				
Salaries and Wages	0	543,421	543,421	0
Fringe Benefits	0	182,781	182,781	0
Purchased Services	1,067,046	0	0	0
Total Instructional Staff	1,067,046	726,202	726,202	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant:				
Salaries and Wages	0	138,119	138,119	0
Fringe Benefits	0	61,402	61,402	0
Purchased Services	445,562	155,179	155,179	0
Total Operation and Maintenance of Plant	445,562	354,700	354,700	0
•	,	,	•	(Continued)

				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Pupil Transportation:				
Salaries and Wages	0	15,076	15,076	0
Fringe Benefits	0	212	212	0
Supplies and Materials	0	2,280	2,280	0
Capital Outlay	600,000	220,742	220,742	0
Total Pupil Transportation	600,000	238,310	238,310	0
Total Support Services	2,418,080	1,609,350	1,609,350	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Supplies and Materials	778	3,225	3,225	0
Total Operation of Non-Instructional Services	778	3,225	3,225	0
Capital Outlay:				
Purchased Services	750,000	421,575	421,575	0
Total Capital Outlay	750,000	421,575	421,575	0
Total Expenditures	7,547,238	3,671,824	3,671,824	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,353,997	5,229,411	898,714	(4,330,697)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	(1,499,082)	(1,499,082)	(1,499,082)	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	145,087	145,087	145,087	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 2	\$ 3,875,416	\$ (455,281)	\$ (4,330,697)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Funds - Debt Service Fund – Bond Retirement Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Total Revenues and			
Other Financing Sources	\$ 4,415,606	\$ 4,415,606	\$ 0
Total Expenditures and			
Other Financing Uses	6,456,238	6,456,238	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,040,632)	(2,040,632)	0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	3,753,188	3,753,188	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1,712,556	\$ 1,712,556	\$ 0

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Funds – Capital Projects Fund – Permanent Improvement Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Total Revenues and			
Other Financing Sources	\$ 3,674,412	\$ 3,674,412	\$ 0
Total Expenditures and			
Other Financing Uses	11,878,402	11,878,402	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(8,203,990)	(8,203,990)	0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	3,852,921	3,852,921	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	4,351,069	4,351,069	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

SPECIAL TRUST FUND

	Fir	nal Budget	Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Total Revenues and					
Other Financing Sources	\$	29,337	\$ 30,449	\$	1,112
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		30,936	30,936		0
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,599)	(487)		1,112
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		223,443	223,443		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		3,280	3,280		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	225,124	\$ 226,236	\$	1,112

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

PUBLIC SCHOOL SUPPORT FUND

		nal Budget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Total Revenues and			 		_	
Other Financing Sources	\$	170,892	\$ 170,892	\$	0	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		80,847	 80,847		0	
Net Change in Fund Balance		90,045	90,045		0	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances		432,019 2,259	432,019 2,259		0 0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	524,323	\$ 524,323	\$	0	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

OTHER GRANT FUND

		nal Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Total Revenues and			-				
Other Financing Sources	\$	88,713	\$	88,713	\$	0	
Total Expenditures and							
Other Financing Uses		106,409		106,409		0	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(17,696)		(17,696)		0	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		100,397		100,397		0	
Prior Year Encumbrances		26,990		26,990		0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	109,691	\$	109,691	\$	0	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

DISTRICT MANAGED ACTIVITY FUND

		nal Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Total Revenues and			 			
Other Financing Sources	\$	362,684	\$ 362,684	\$	0	
Total Expenditures and						
Other Financing Uses		463,354	 463,354		0	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(100,670)	(100,670)		0	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		456,582	456,582		0	
Prior Year Encumbrances		40,403	40,403		0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	396,315	\$ 396,315	\$	0	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

AUXILIARY SERVICES FUND

	Fir	nal Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Total Revenues and						
Other Financing Sources	\$	130,899	\$ 130,899	\$	0	
Total Expenditures and						
Other Financing Uses		134,935	 134,935		0	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(4,036)	(4,036)		0	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		7,379	7,379		0	
Prior Year Encumbrances		11,192	11,192		0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	14,535	\$ 14,535	\$	0	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

STUDENT WELLNESS AND SUCCESS FUND

	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Total Revenues and				
Other Financing Sources	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	
Total Expenditures and				
Other Financing Uses	395,619	395,619	0	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(395,619	9) (395,619)	0	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,196,658	3 1,196,658	0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 801,039	\$ 801,039	\$ 0	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

MIS CELLANEOUS FEDERAL GRANTS FUND

	Fin	al Budget	_	Actual	Fin	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Total Revenues and					-	
Other Financing Sources	\$	20,658	\$	6,534	\$	(14,124)
Total Expenditures and						
Other Financing Uses		5,454		5,454		0
Net Change in Fund Balance		15,204		1,080		(14,124)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		(1,080)		(1,080)		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	14,124	\$	0	\$	(14,124)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

TITLE III LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENCY FUND

	Final Budget Actual			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Total Revenues and							
Other Financing Sources	\$	5,278	\$	5,278	\$	0	
Total Expenditures and							
Other Financing Uses		5,278		5,278		0	
Net Change in Fund Balance		0		0		0	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		0		0		0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

TITLE I S CHOOL IMPROVEMENT A FUND

	Fin	al Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Total Revenues and					
Other Financing Sources	\$	16,343	\$ 16,343	\$	0
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		18,048	18,048		0
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,705)	(1,705)		0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	(1,705)	\$ (1,705)	\$	0

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

					Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Fi	nal Budget	Actual			Negative)
Total Revenues and						
Other Financing Sources	\$	990,946	\$	969,724	\$	(21,222)
Total Expenditures and						
Other Financing Uses		936,937		936,937		0
Net Change in Fund Balance		54,009		32,787		(21,222)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		(34,320)		(34,320)		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		338		338		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	20,027	\$	(1,195)	\$	(21,222)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

TITLE I DIS ADVANTAGED CHILDREN ASSISTANCE FUND

			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Final Budget	nal Budget Actual (
Total Revenues and			
Other Financing Sources	\$ 1,143,465	\$ 859,790	\$ (283,675)
Total Expenditures and			
Other Financing Uses	892,718	892,718	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	250,747	(32,928)	(283,675)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	(31,491)	(31,491)	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 219,256	\$ (64,419)	\$ (283,675)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

TITLE IV-A FUND

		nal Budget		Actual	Final Pos	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Total Revenues and			•		-	
Other Financing Sources	\$	67,799	\$	67,799	\$	0
Total Expenditures and						
Other Financing Uses		67,799		67,799		0
Net Change in Fund Balance		0		0		0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		0		0		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

CLASS ROOM FACILITIES MAINTENANCE FUND

	Fii	nal Budget		Actual	Final Pos	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Total Revenues and						
Other Financing Sources	\$	199,607	\$	199,607	\$	0
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		204,225		204,225		0
Net Change in Fund Balance		(4,618)		(4,618)		0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances		1,220,466 33,402		1,220,466 33,402		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	1,249,250	\$	1,249,250	\$	0

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

TITLE II-A FUND

	Fii	nal Bud <i>g</i> et		Actual	Fin	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Total Revenues and				•		
Other Financing Sources	\$	222,333	\$	143,692	\$	(78,641)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		145,985		145,985		0
Net Change in Fund Balance		76,348		(2,293)		(78,641)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		(9,480)		(9,480)		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		2,003		2,003		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	68,871	\$	(9,770)	\$	(78,641)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

PRES CHOOL GRANT FUND

	Fin	al Budget		Actual	Final Pos	Budget sitive gative)
Total Revenues and			-			
Other Financing Sources	\$	38,499	\$	38,499	\$	0
Total Expenditures and						
Other Financing Uses		38,499		38,499		0
Net Change in Fund Balance		0		0		0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		0		0		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

STATISTICAL SECTION



STATISTICAL TABLES

This part of the District's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contents

Contents	
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial position has changed over time.	S 2– S 13
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and assess the factors affecting the District's ability to generate its most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	S 14 – S 21
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	S 22 – S 29
Economic and Demographic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.	S 30 – S 33
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	S 34 – S 47
Sources Note:	

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial report for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		*	*	
	2013	2014	2015	2016
Governmental Activities:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$21,394,368	\$16,365,362	\$35,412,859	\$35,233,032
Restricted for:				
Capital Projects	26,783,068	28,663,014	8,580,230	4,659,193
Debt Service	2,198,752	2,224,714	2,813,093	2,957,907
Community Gifts and Awards	0	0	0	0
Federal and State Programs	581,067	1,273,869	1,161,290	1,670,987
Permanent Fund:				
Expendable	20,841	18,712	17,620	15,552
Nonexpendable	44,919	45,919	46,919	47,919
Unrestricted	9,149,244	(28,068,377)	(25,013,950)	(21,576,352)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$60,172,259	\$20,523,213	\$23,018,061	\$23,008,238
Business-type Activities:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$268,486	\$207,011	\$483,878	\$431,625
Unrestricted	1,271,971	616,706	620,896	688,066
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	\$1,540,457	\$823,717	\$1,104,774	\$1,119,691
Primary Government:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$21,662,854	\$16,572,373	\$35,896,737	\$35,664,657
Restricted	29,628,647	32,226,228	12,619,152	9,351,558
Unrestricted	10,421,215	(27,451,671)	(24,393,054)	(20,888,286)
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$61,712,716	\$21,346,930	\$24,122,835	\$24,127,929

^{*} As Restated

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement 68 in 2015 and GASB Statement 75 in 2018, resulting in a significant decrease in net position due to reporting a net pension/OPEB liability.

Source: District Treasurer's Office

*		*		*	
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$36,332,681	\$38,694,689	\$43,006,160	\$46,303,543	\$44,783,773	\$46,935,213
4,995,248	0	24,849	49,964	59,233	63,386
4,150,656	3,547,836	3,780,823	3,495,499	3,852,474	1,831,530
0	0	226,944	234,373	226,723	226,236
1,986,848	1,765,039	1,851,571	2,722,021	3,185,230	3,423,633
13,524	10,657	0	0	0	0
48,919	50,919	0	0	0	0
(33,855,602)	(12,401,506)	(9,951,116)	(15,365,124)	(14,539,440)	(12,602,101)
\$13,672,274	\$31,667,634	\$38,939,231	\$37,440,276	\$37,567,993	\$39,877,897
\$401,600	\$349,058	\$458,749	\$453,148	\$429,548	\$383,461
(19,148)	(12,479)	(112,029)	(399,454)	(23,462)	730,718
\$382,452	\$336,579	\$346,720	\$53,694	\$406,086	\$1,114,179
\$36,734,281	\$39,043,747	\$43,464,909	\$46,756,691	\$45,213,321	\$47,318,674
11,195,195	5,374,451	5,884,187	6,501,857	7,323,660	5,544,785
(33,874,750)	(12,413,985)	(10,063,145)	(15,764,578)	(14,562,902)	(11,871,383)
\$14,054,726	\$32,004,213	\$39,285,951	\$37,493,970	\$37,974,079	\$40,992,076

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Expenses				
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction	\$22,155,945	\$21,934,785	\$23,167,197	\$23,331,406
Support Services:				
Pupils	870,161	972,157	1,105,305	1,281,827
Instructional Staff	2,164,903	1,715,488	2,929,248	2,019,011
Board of Education	30,160	40,625	40,010	41,484
Administration	2,318,480	2,480,794	2,695,336	2,380,233
Fiscal Services	682,210	660,369	687,199	672,639
Business	261	263	503	491
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,912,605	2,812,103	3,166,532	6,566,039
Pupil Transportation	1,677,670	1,679,345	1,580,322	1,653,836
Central	228,016	236,868	1,369,176	2,106,009
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	189,833	136,472	191,076	180,753
Extracurricular Activities	919,219	937,821	985,661	898,912
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,839,145	1,554,211	1,419,981	1,287,472
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	35,988,608	35,161,301	39,337,546	42,420,112
Business-type Activities:				
Food Service	1,809,390	1,697,492	1,772,835	1,618,415
TV Station	0	0	0	0
Total Business-type Activities Expenses	1,809,390	1,697,492	1,772,835	1,618,415
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$37,797,998	\$36,858,793	\$41,110,381	\$44,038,527
Program Revenues				
Governmental Activities:				
Charges for Services				
Instruction	\$540,703	\$836,070	\$680,563	\$704,407
Support Services:				
Pupils	39	71	108	82
Pupil Transportation	45,884	46,213	49,931	45,393
Extracurricular Activities	379,305	362,582	517,498	404,401
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,825,291	3,097,272	5,283,836	3,710,040
Capital Grants and Contributions	0	0	6,000	0
Total Governmental Activities				
Program Revenues	3,791,222	4,342,208	6,537,936	4,864,323

^{*} As Restated

2017	2010	2010	2020	*	2022
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$26,077,417	\$12,942,670	\$22,854,305	\$28,580,114	\$31,503,783	\$27,147,547
φ20,077,417	\$12,742,070	\$22,034,303	Ψ20,300,114	ψ31,303,763	Ψ27,147,547
2,228,050	1,370,196	2,438,201	2,446,409	2,717,738	2,810,141
2,294,068	2,031,739	2,392,598	2,668,681	2,827,086	3,476,617
37,803	37,823	27,235	26,688	28,302	35,747
2,756,091	1,307,444	2,498,617	2,862,358	2,865,017	2,800,416
869,154	838,096	901,620	972,891	969,750	978,530
580	580	580	4,007	7,285	3,469
3,569,768	4,040,176	2,524,505	3,251,416	3,050,599	3,496,685
1,784,827	1,469,981	1,773,964	1,655,783	2,103,225	2,153,962
2,024,940	1,952,871	1,937,323	2,214,677	2,311,294	2,216,637
531,216	195,287	207,216	226,382	235,918	266,984
1,018,618	667,304	1,039,743	1,058,881	831,840	957,027
1,256,588	1,214,058	1,177,519	1,669,021	1,372,964	1,306,635
44,449,120	28,068,225	39,773,426	47,637,308	50,824,801	47,650,397
1,849,949	1,660,399	1,556,983	1,890,657	1,734,965	1,831,064
563	56,734	107,231	72,707	71,518	84,455
1,850,512	1,717,133	1,664,214	1,963,364	1,806,483	1,915,519
\$46,299,632	\$29,785,358	\$41,437,640	\$49,600,672	\$52,631,284	\$49,565,916
\$835,657	\$784,111	\$912,195	\$871,014	\$861,770	\$510,611
122	183	289	0	0	0
49,826	44,754	42,001	17,921	541	413
469,922	432,246	420,200	452,641	169,397	289,362
4,076,841	3,763,058	5,902,468	6,393,451	9,123,236	10,195,398
178,258	0	0	0	0	0
5,610,626	5,024,352	7,277,153	7,735,027	10,154,944	10,995,784

(Continued)

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2012	2014	2015	2016
Business-type Activities:	2013	2014	2015	2016
Charges for Services				
Food Service	474,457	405,110	384,424	469,789
TV Station	0	0	0	0
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,306,774	1,262,409	1,237,888	1,163,543
Total Business-type	1,500,774	1,202,407	1,237,000	1,103,543
Activities Program Revenues	1,781,231	1,667,519	1,622,312	1,633,332
Total Primary Government	1,701,231	1,007,317	1,022,312	1,033,332
Program Revenues	5,572,453	6,009,727	8,160,248	6,497,655
1 Togram Revenues	3,372,433	0,007,727	0,100,240	0,477,033
Net (Expense)/Revenue				
Governmental Activities	(32,197,386)	(30,819,093)	(32,799,610)	(37,555,789)
Business-type Activities	(28,159)	(29,973)	(150,523)	14,917
Total Primary Government				
Net (Expense)/Revenue	(\$32,225,545)	(\$30,849,066)	(\$32,950,133)	(\$37,540,872)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Po	osition			
Governmental Activities:				
Property Taxes Levied for:				
General Purposes	\$8,829,511	\$9,384,129	\$9,135,206	\$9,016,592
Facilities Maintenance	195,212	169,789	161,123	158,350
Debt Service	2,281,813	2,331,814	2,233,206	2,224,789
Capital Outlay	917,366	938,183	898,235	883,256
Income Taxes	5,390,586	5,457,157	5,624,996	5,947,908
Intergovernmental, Unrestricted	15,601,233	16,297,871	17,551,947	18,509,553
Investment Earnings	156,983	239,157	434,987	270,484
Miscellaneous	471,174	306,281	196,726	535,034
Transfers	0	0	(431,580)	0
Total Governmental Activities	33,843,878	35,124,381	35,804,846	37,545,966
Business-type Activities:				
Miscellaneous	0	0	0	0
Transfers	0	0	431,580	0
Total Business-type Activities	0	0	431,580	0
Total Primary Government	\$33,843,878	\$35,124,381	\$36,236,426	\$37,545,966
Change in Net Position	_	_	_	_
Governmental Activities	1,646,492	4,305,288	3,005,236	(9,823)
Business-type Activities	(28,159)	(29,973)	281,057	14,917
Total Primary Government	(20,107)	(=>,> +3)		2 1,7 1 1
Change in Net Position	\$1,618,333	\$4,275,315	\$3,286,293	\$5,094

^{*} As Restated

2017	2018	2019	2020	* 2021	2022
397,791	399,101	399,553	314,635	59,444	106,564
0	77,325	62,360	61,620	60,992	62,532
1,136,358	1,194,834	1,192,942	1,294,083	2,038,439	2,454,516
1,534,149	1,671,260	1,654,855	1,670,338	2,158,875	2,623,612
7,144,775	6,695,612	8,932,008	9,405,365	12,313,819	13,619,396
(38,838,494)	(23,043,873)	(32,496,273)	(39,902,281)	(40,669,857)	(36,654,613)
(316,363)	(45,873)	(9,359)	(293,026)	352,392	708,093
				<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(\$39,154,857)	(\$23,089,746)	(\$32,505,632)	(\$40,195,307)	(\$40,317,465)	(\$35,946,520)
\$9,581,540	\$10,020,733	\$9,886,732	\$10,214,411	\$10,622,047	\$10,231,347
165,267	171,503	168,621	172,920	179,337	169,916
2,348,637	2,381,044	2,282,618	1,785,106	1,590,366	1,440,895
927,938	965,147	948,581	1,322,572	1,537,194	1,416,856
6,020,378	6,673,002	6,720,246	6,029,669	7,761,427	7,843,733
19,912,421	20,087,152	18,284,577	17,614,637	18,461,210	17,459,741
75,389	215,402	857,439	712,083	134,743	(335,652)
753,230	525,250	408,151	551,928	511,250	737,681
0	0	(19,500)	0	0	0
39,784,800	41,039,233	39,537,465	38,403,326	40,797,574	38,964,517
1,052	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	19,500	0	0	0
1,052	0	19,500	0	0	0
\$39,785,852	\$41,039,233	\$39,556,965	\$38,403,326	\$40,797,574	\$38,964,517
946,306	17,995,360	7,041,192	(1,498,955)	127,717	2,309,904
(315,311)	(45,873)	10,141	(293,026)	352,392	708,093
		·			
\$630,995	\$17,949,487	\$7,051,333	(\$1,791,981)	\$480,109	\$3,017,997

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$1,365	\$1,218	\$1,444	\$0	\$29,589
Restricted	0	0	0	0	0
Assigned	757,641	969,061	710,243	1,062,004	504,741
Unassigned	7,927,306	9,974,884	11,793,972	15,205,904	15,784,919
Total General Fund	8,686,312	10,945,163	12,505,659	16,267,908	16,319,249
All Other Governmental Funds					
Nonspendable	44,919	45,919	46,919	47,919	48,919
Restricted	38,662,999	26,964,030	12,133,198	8,826,335	10,657,246
Committed	0	0	0	0	0
Assigned	94,295	94,398	94,558	0	0
Unassigned	(85,589)	(486,311)	(85,760)	(438,556)	(258,884)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	38,716,624	26,618,036	12,188,915	8,435,698	10,447,281
Total Governmental Funds	\$47,402,936	\$37,563,199	\$24,694,574	\$24,703,606	\$26,766,530

Source: District Treasurer's Office

^{*} As Restated

	*		*	
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$32,419	\$38,790	\$27,667	\$23,301	\$31,698
0	0	0	0	0
494,547	550,326	685,794	651,290	716,822
16,190,381	17,042,132	17,582,785	21,380,132	20,759,748
16,717,347	17,631,248	18,296,246	22,054,723	21,508,268
50,919	0	23,170	0	0
5,291,099	5,825,546	15,057,732	13,328,194	6,547,803
5,208,765	3,483,759	1,916,794	1,852,936	2,004,735
0	0	0	0	0
(115,298)	(8,450)	(30,978)	(21,191)	(578,408)
10,435,485	9,300,855	16,966,718	15,159,939	7,974,130
\$27,152,832	\$26,932,103	\$35,262,964	\$37,214,662	\$29,482,398

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Revenues:				
Local Sources:				
Taxes	\$17,828,558	\$18,257,962	\$18,064,013	\$18,111,354
Tuition	258,696	536,811	463,230	499,535
Transportation Fees	45,884	46,213	49,931	45,393
Investment Earnings	145,746	227,194	425,359	270,566
Extracurricular Activities	538,415	533,590	608,087	486,277
Class Materials and Fees	122,897	128,251	126,744	122,996
Intermediate Sources	50,857	48,494	51,900	9,829
Intergovernmental - State	22,106,018	30,560,017	24,443,198	19,662,848
Intergovernmental - Federal	2,662,927	2,081,121	3,122,369	2,547,922
All Other Revenue	471,174	306,281	196,726	535,034
Total Revenues	44,231,172	52,725,934	47,551,557	42,291,754
Expenditures:				
Current:	21 (1(200	22 024 600	22 252 020	22.226.201
Instruction	21,616,288	22,024,698	23,352,039	23,326,291
Supporting Services:	024 020	074.000	1 146 716	1 217 500
Pupils	934,030	976,990	1,146,716	1,317,598
Instructional Staff	2,130,850	1,708,970	2,982,462	1,976,444
Board of Education	30,160	40,625	40,010	41,484
Administration	2,269,621	2,383,929	2,746,871	2,377,320
Fiscal Services	678,113	661,744	690,556	675,986
Business	261	263	0	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,618,058	2,770,650	3,171,345	2,741,635
Pupil Transportation	1,535,300	1,571,452	1,654,442	1,573,094
Central	217,670	246,910	207,876	233,052
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	187,306	133,943	196,312	170,791
Extracurricular Activities	836,366	855,359	981,075	882,549
Capital Outlay	3,603,325	26,266,836	20,408,370	4,109,029
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	1,395,000	1,480,000	6,528,749	1,661,555
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,676,566	1,444,155	1,430,754	1,336,756
Total Expenditures	39,728,914	62,566,524	65,537,577	42,423,584
Evenes (Definionary) of Devenues				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	4 500 050	(0.940.500)	(17.096.020)	(131,830)
Over (Under) Expenditures	4,502,258	(9,840,590)	(17,986,020)	(131,830)

^{*} As Restated

				*	
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$19,138,691	\$20,316,226	\$20,047,884	\$19,397,473	\$21,608,631	\$21,057,325
634,995	577,358	725,027	714,351	751,464	364,505
49,826	44,754	42,001	17,921	541	413
75,511	207,860	844,086	703,640	134,283	(336,381)
547,708	528,297	512,417	524,425	198,131	371,987
122,876	110,702	94,951	84,879	81,572	63,481
222,887	47,903	29,142	80,173	89,116	64,323
20,958,329	21,156,167	21,261,548	21,294,003	22,319,036	21,160,800
2,948,613	3,051,764	2,887,886	2,339,762	5,517,619	5,792,227
753,230	525,250	408,151	551,928	511,250	737,681
45,452,666	46,566,281	46,853,093	45,708,555	51,211,643	49,276,361
24,251,042	24,987,579	25,371,710	26,309,914	29,008,483	28,359,110
2,109,129	2,250,423	2,621,386	2,295,605	2,563,013	2,968,071
2,159,597	2,739,503	2,486,528	2,469,102	2,666,666	3,460,106
37,803	37,823	27,235	26,688	28,302	35,747
2,891,760	2,580,850	2,708,243	2,617,192	2,653,883	2,794,848
826,190	896,098	906,853	925,359	946,245	1,039,022
0	0	0	3,427	6,705	3,179
3,172,949	2,872,142	2,858,595	3,107,642	2,923,348	3,408,403
1,721,063	1,567,424	1,979,102	1,405,363	1,841,306	1,876,959
336,346	296,315	281,296	333,736	342,087	351,652
521,985	187,591	194,171	205,898	214,404	246,071
930,781	934,743	1,051,849	962,491	734,422	881,369
1,541,419	3,863,645	3,842,679	4,076,764	2,639,250	5,125,372
1,661,954	1,708,192	1,754,487	2,330,842	1,572,924	5,270,987
1,300,988	1,258,850	1,221,168	1,615,642	1,268,887	1,244,123
43,463,006	46,181,178	47,305,302	48,685,665	49,409,925	57,065,019
1,989,660	385,103	(452,209)	(2,977,110)	1,801,718	(7,788,658)
					(Continued)

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of Capital Assets	0	1,000	6,987	0
Certificates of Participation Issued	0	0	0	0
General Obligation Notes Issued	0	0	0	0
General Obligation Bonds Issued	0	0	0	0
Premium on Debt Issuance	0	0	245,182	0
Refunding Bonds Issued	0	0	4,865,000	0
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	0	0	0	0
Other Financing Sources - Leases	0	0	0	142,306
Transfers In	302,982	0	703,046	418,032
Transfers Out	(302,982)	0	(703,046)	(418,032)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	1,000	5,117,169	142,306
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$4,502,258	(\$9,839,590)	(\$12,868,851)	\$10,476
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	8.45%	8.24%	17.89%	7.12%

Source: District Treasurer's Office

^{*} As Restated

				*	
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
73,264	1,199	1,075	161,010	460	3,882
0	0	0	10,000,000	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	2,020,036	0	0
0	0	0	16,219,281	0	5,725,000
0	0	0	(17,092,356)	0	(5,672,488)
0	0	0	0	149,520	0
4,127,223	3,868,457	2,250,000	502,316	1,108,798	3,785,976
(4,127,223)	(3,868,457)	(2,250,000)	(502,316)	(1,108,798)	(3,785,976)
73,264	1,199	1,075	11,307,971	149,980	56,394
\$2,062,924	\$386,302	(\$451,134)	\$8,330,861	\$1,951,698	(\$7,732,264)
7.06%	6.81%	6.98%	8.81%	6.05%	12.25%

Assessed Valuations and Estimated True Values of Taxable Property (per \$1,000 of assessed value) Last Ten Calendar Years

Tax year	2012	2013	2014	2015
Real Property				
Assessed	\$397,123,530	\$371,221,370	\$369,583,590	\$377,749,340
Actual	1,134,638,657	1,060,632,486	1,055,953,114	1,079,283,829
Public Utility				
Assessed	5,745,070	5,843,490	6,167,950	6,902,690
Actual	16,414,486	16,695,686	17,622,714	19,721,971
Total				
Assessed	402,868,600	377,064,860	375,751,540	384,652,030
Actual	1,151,053,143	1,077,328,172	1,073,575,828	1,099,005,800
Assessed Value as a				
Percentage of Actual Value	35.00%	35.00%	35.00%	35.00%
Total Direct Tax Rate	49.88	50.45	50.46	50.52

Source: Miami County Auditor

Presented on a calendar year basis because that is the manner in which the information is maintained by the County.

Assessed value of Real Property is at 35%. Assessed value of Public Utility is at 35%.

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
#200 414 7 50	#202.200.020	Ф204 7 5 7 020	# 41 < 400 100	# 120 (22 200	0.107 , 151,000
\$380,414,560	\$382,380,920	\$384,567,020	\$416,499,190	\$420,633,280	\$427,464,990
1,086,898,743	1,092,516,914	1,098,762,914	1,189,997,686	1,201,809,371	1,221,328,543
7,570,670	8,085,240	8,979,590	9,675,060	9,925,390	10,706,620
			· ·	· ·	
21,630,486	23,100,686	25,655,971	27,643,029	28,358,257	30,590,343
387,985,230	390,466,160	393,546,610	426,174,250	430,558,670	438,171,610
1,108,529,229	1,115,617,600	1,124,418,885	1,217,640,715	1,230,167,628	1,251,918,886
, , , -	, -,,	, , -,	, ,, ,, ,, ,	,,, -	, - ,,
35.00%	35.00%	35.00%	35.00%	35.00%	35.00%
50.41	50.38	50.05	48.54	48.39	48.23

Property Tax Rates of Direct and Overlapping Governments (per \$1,000 of assessed value) Last Ten Calendar Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Direct District Rates					
General Fund	39.80	40.22	40.23	40.16	40.16
Bond Retirement Fund	7.28	6.93	6.93	7.06	6.95
Permanent Improvement Fund	2.80	3.30	3.30	3.30	3.30
Total	49.88	50.45	50.46	50.52	50.41
Overlapping Rates					
City of Piqua	4.42	4.42	4.47	4.49	4.56
Joint Vocational School	5.32	5.32	5.32	5.32	5.26
Miami County	8.81	8.81	8.81	8.81	8.82
Forest Hill Cemetery	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Springcreek Township	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.80
Washington Township	5.10	5.10	5.10	5.10	5.10
Piqua Library	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30
Miami County Health District	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40

Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.02 and 5705.07 require a vote of the people for any millage exceeding the "unvoted" or "inside" millage.

Source:

Miami County Auditor's Office Miami County Treasurer's Office

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
	_		_	
40.38	40.17	39.86	39.89	39.88
6.70	6.58	4.18	4.00	3.85
3.30	3.30	4.50	4.50	4.50
50.38	50.05	48.54	48.39	48.23
4.50	4.48	4.47	4.47	4.46
5.22	4.90	6.40	6.40	6.40
9.22	9.22	9.21	9.21	9.20
0.50	0.50	0.70	0.70	0.70
4.80	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.80
5.10	5.10	5.10	5.10	5.10
1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.80
0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40



Principal Taxpayers Real Estate and Public Utilities Tax Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		Calen	dar Year 20	021
Name of Taxpayer	Nature of Business	Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total Assessed Value
Vectren Energy	Natural Gas	\$5,825,980	1	1.33%
HarveyCo LLC	Real Estate	2,960,450	2	0.68%
HCF Realty of Garbry Ridge Inc.	Real Estate	2,949,670	3	0.67%
Kettering Medical Center	Health Care	2,940,210	4	0.67%
Dayton Power and Light Co.	Electricity	2,847,690	5	0.65%
Wal-Mart	Retail	2,537,500	6	0.58%
Hartzell Propeller Inc.	Aircraft Propeller Design	2,508,340	7	0.57%
Teeters Real Estate	Real Estate	2,229,890	8	0.51%
Miami Valley Realty	Real Estate	2,227,800	9 10	0.51%
Evenflo Juvenile	Manufacturer - Juvenile Furniture	2,165,040	10	0.49%
Subtotal		29,192,570		6.66%
All Others		408,979,040		93.34%
Total		\$438,171,610		100.00%
		Calen	dar Year 20	012
Name of Taxpayer	Nature of Business	Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total Assessed Value
-	Ha anitality	Φ4.667.070	1	1 150/
Midamco	Hospitality Real Estate	\$4,667,270	1 2	1.15%
Harvey A Tolson Enterprises Wal-Mart	Retail Estate	3,724,630 3,180,870	3	0.92% 0.79%
Miami Valley Realty	Real Estate	2,324,010	4	0.79%
Evenflo Juvenile	Manufacturer - Juvenile Furniture	2,161,150	5	0.54%
Med-Terra Inc.	Real Estate	2,142,380	6	0.53%
Home Depot Inc.	Retail	2,078,140	7	0.52%
Dayton Power and Light Co.	Electricity	2,060,070	8	0.51%
Hartzell Propeller Inc.	Aircraft Propeller Design	1,969,300	9	0.49%
Jackson Tube	Manufacturer - Steel Tubing	1,960,010	10	0.49%
Subtotal		26,267,830		6.52%
All Others		376,600,770		93.48%
Total		\$402,868,600		100.00%

Source: Miami County Auditor - Land and Buildings Based on valuation of property in 2021 and 2012

Presented on a calendar year basis because that is the manner in which the information is maintained by the County.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Years

Collection Year	2012	2013	2014
Total Tax Levy	\$14,469,502	\$14,375,763	\$14,466,849
Collections within the Fiscal Year of the Levy			
Current Tax Collections	14,060,718	13,864,575	13,981,355
Percent of Levy Collected	97.17%	96.44%	96.64%
Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	422,679	481,497	487,500
Total Tax Collections	14,483,397	14,346,072	14,468,855
Percent of Total Tax Collections To Tax Levy	100.10%	99.79%	100.01%
Accumulated Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	1,140,871	1,029,644	1,033,559
Percentage of Accumulated Delinquent Taxes to Total Tax Levy	7.88%	7.16%	7.14%

⁽¹⁾ The County does not currently identify delinquent tax collections by tax year.

Source: Miami County Auditor's Office
Presented on a calendar year basis because that is the manner in which the information is maintained by the County.

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$14,569,702	\$14,621,570	\$14,949,067	\$15,022,207	\$15,013,219	\$14,917,390	\$15,302,112
14,083,891	14,169,998	14,585,137	14,660,709	14,578,833	14,474,447	14,934,054
96.67%	96.91%	97.57%	97.59%	97.11%	97.03%	97.59%
548,675	544,794	494,998	443,029	428,344	373,752	359,383
14,632,566	14,714,792	15,080,135	15,103,738	15,007,177	14,848,199	15,293,437
100.43%	100.64%	100.88%	100.54%	99.96%	99.54%	99.94%
1,016,671	979,822	858,618	795,848	853,033	937,901	1,013,879
6.98%	6.70%	5.74%	5.30%	5.68%	6.29%	6.63%

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Governmental Activities (1)				
Certificates of Participation	\$3,770,000	\$3,770,000	\$3,770,000	\$3,770,000
General Obligation Bonds Payable	35,454,737	34,043,453	32,507,741	30,805,803
Leases Payable	0	0	0	120,751
Total Primary Government	\$39,224,737	\$37,813,453	\$36,277,741	\$34,696,554
Population (2)				
Piqua City	20,619	20,699	20,759	20,790
Outstanding Debt Per Capita	\$1,902	\$1,827	\$1,748	\$1,669
Income (3) (a)				
Personal (in thousands)	\$836,492	\$847,914	\$854,627	\$868,627
Percentage of Personal Income	4.69%	4.46%	4.24%	3.99%

Sources:

- (1) District Treasurer's Office
- (2) US Bureau of Census of Population
- (3) US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis
 - (a) Per Capita Income is only available by County. Total Personal Income is a calculation based on previous calendar year.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$3,770,000	\$3,770,000	\$3,770,000	\$14,121,963	\$13,535,281	\$9,303,599
29,108,865	27,366,927	25,579,989	24,670,033	23,792,670	22,962,993
93,797	65,605	36,118	5,276	126,872	98,552
\$32,972,662	\$31,202,532	\$29,386,107	\$38,797,272	\$37,454,823	\$32,365,144
20,906	20,987	21,200	21,332	20,354	20,442
\$1,577	\$1,487	\$1,386	\$1,819	\$1,840	\$1,583
\$938,178	\$902,126	\$961,208	\$927,259	\$876,464	\$938,819
3.51%	3.46%	3.06%	4.18%	4.27%	3.45%

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Years

Year	2013	2014	2015	2016
Population (1)	20,619	20,699	20,759	20,790
Estimated Actual Value	1,151,053,143	1,077,328,172	1,073,575,828	1,099,005,800
General Bonded Debt (2) General Obligation Bonds	35,454,737	34,043,453	32,507,741	30,805,803
Resources Available to Pay Principal (3)	2,198,752	2,224,714	2,813,093	2,957,907
Net General Bonded Debt	33,255,985	31,818,739	29,694,648	27,847,896
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value	2.89%	2.95%	2.77%	2.53%
Net Bonded Debt per Capita	\$1,613	\$1,537	\$1,430	\$1,339

Source:

- (1) U.S. Bureau of Census of Population
- (2) Includes all general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes
- (3) Includes only Debt Service funds available for general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
20,906	20,987	21,200	21,332	20,354	20,442
1,108,529,229	1,115,617,600	1,124,418,885	1,217,640,715	1,230,167,628	1,251,918,886
29,108,865	27,366,927	25,579,989	24,670,033	23,792,670	22,962,993
4,150,656	3,547,836	3,780,823	3,495,499	3,852,474	1,831,530
24,958,209	23,819,091	21,799,166	21,174,534	19,940,196	21,131,463
2.25%	2.14%	1.94%	1.74%	1.62%	1.69%
\$1,194	\$1,135	\$1,028	\$993	\$980	\$1,034



Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Attributable to Governmental Activities June 30, 2022

Jurisdiction	Gross Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Piqua City School District (1)	Amount Applicable to Piqua City School District
Direct: Piqua City School District	\$32,365,144	100.00%	\$32,365,144
Overlapping: Miami County	9,375,978	16.35%	1,532,972
		Subtotal	1,532,972
		Total	\$33,898,116

Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council, June 2022

⁽¹⁾ Overlapping percentage was calculated by dividing each overlapping subdivision's assessed valuation within the District by the subdivision's total assessed valuation.

Debt Limitations Last Ten Years

	2013	2014	2015
Net Assessed Valuation	\$402,868,600	\$377,064,860	\$375,751,540
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	36,258,174	33,935,837	33,817,639
Applicable District Debt Outstanding	35,454,737	34,043,453	32,507,741
Less: Applicable Debt Service Fund Amounts (2)	(2,297,573)	(2,320,114)	(2,813,093)
Net Indebtedness Subject to Limitation	33,157,164	31,723,339	29,694,648
Overall Legal Debt Margin	\$3,101,010	\$2,212,498	\$4,122,991
Debt Margin as a Percentage of Debt Limit	8.55%	6.52%	12.19%
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)	0.10%	0.10%	0.10%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	402,869	377,065	375,752
Applicable District Debt Outstanding	0	0	0
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin	\$402,869	\$377,065	\$375,752
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	3,625,817	3,393,584	3,381,764
Applicable District Debt Outstanding	0	0	0
Unvoted Energy Conservation			
Loans Legal Debt Margin	\$3,625,817	\$3,393,584	\$3,381,764

⁽¹⁾ Ohio Bond Law sets a limit of 9% for overall debt, 1/10 of 1% for unvoted debt, and 9/10 of 1% for energy conservation debt.

⁽²⁾ Includes only Debt Service funds available for general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes.

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$384,652,030	\$387,985,230	\$390,466,160	\$393,546,610	\$426,174,250	\$430,558,670	\$438,171,610
9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%
34,618,683	34,918,671	35,141,954	35,419,195	38,355,683	38,750,280	39,435,445
30,805,803	28,665,000	26,985,000	25,260,000	23,494,281	22,489,281	21,554,281
(2,957,907)	(4,150,656)	(3,547,836)	(3,780,823)	(3,495,499)	(3,852,474)	(1,831,530)
27,847,896	24,514,344	23,437,164	21,479,177	19,998,782	18,636,807	19,722,751
\$6,770,787	\$10,404,327	\$11,704,790	\$13,940,018	\$18,356,901	\$20,113,473	\$19,712,694
19.56%	29.80%	33.31%	39.36%	47.86%	51.91%	49.99%
0.10%	0.10%	0.10%	0.10%	0.10%	0.10%	0.10%
384,652	387,985	390,466	393,547	426,174	430,559	438,172
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$384,652	\$387,985	\$390,466	\$393,547	\$426,174	\$430,559	\$438,172
0.90%	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%
3,461,868	3,491,867	3,514,195	3,541,919	3,835,568	3,875,028	3,943,544
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$3,461,868	\$3,491,867	\$3,514,195	\$3,541,919	\$3,835,568	\$3,875,028	\$3,943,544

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Calendar Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Population (1)					
Piqua City	20,619	20,699	20,759	20,790	20,906
Miami County	103,125	103,421	103,970	104,224	104,679
Income (2) (a)					
Total Personal (in thousands)	836,492	847,914	854,627	868,627	938,178
Per Capita	40,569	40,964	41,169	41,781	44,876
Unemployment Rate (3)					
Federal	8.1%	7.2%	5.6%	5.0%	4.6%
State	7.2%	7.5%	5.2%	4.7%	4.9%
Miami County	7.0%	6.7%	4.5%	3.9%	4.3%
Fiscal Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
School Enrollment (4)		2011			2017
Grades PK - 3	1,232	1,093	1,125	1,130	1,093
Grades 4 - 6	787	876	824	818	797
Grades 7 - 8	551	525	545	539	556
Grades 9 - 12	1,135	1,110	1,040	1,015	1,046
Total	3,705	3,604	3,534	3,502	3,492

Sources:

- (1) US Bureau of Census of Population Amounts may change as updated information becomes available.
- (2) US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis
 - (a) Per Capita Income is only available by County.

 Total Personal Income is a calculation. Amounts may change as updated information becomes available.
- (3) State Department of Labor Statistics
- (4) District Treasurer's Office

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
20,987	21,200	21,332	20,354	20,442
105,122	106,222	106,987	108,774	109,264
902,126	961,208	927,259	876,464	938,819
42,985	45,340	43,468	43,061	45,926
3.9%	3.7%	3.5%	6.7%	4.2%
4.9%	4.0%	4.1%	5.6%	4.5%
4.4%	3.9%	3.4%	4.3%	4.3%
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
1,115	1,075	1,065	1,066	1,094
794	800	805	762	738
567	531	508	514	510
1,004	1,050	1,040	1,024	1,008
3,480	3,456	3,418	3,366	3,350



Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2022	
Employer	Nature of Business	Number of Employees	Rank
Walmart Stores Inc.	Retail Store	445	1
Industry Products	Manufacturer - Auto Industry Seals	385	2
Piqua City Schools	Public School District	348	3
Spalding & Evenflo Company Inc.	Manufacturer - Juvenile Furniture	325	4
Tailwind Technologies	Manufacturer - Aircraft Propellers	300	5
Crane Pumps & Systems Inc.	Manufacturer - Industrial Water Pumps	280	6
Home Depot	Retail Store - Construction	219	7
City of Piqua	Municipal Government	189	8
United Parcel Services	Parcel delivery servicer	152	9
Apex Aluminum Die	Manufacturer - Die Cutting	81	10
Total		2,724	
Total Employment within the District	(1)	NA	
		2013	
		Number of	
Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Rank
Industry Products	Die Cutting, Silk Screening	351	1
Evenflo Company, Inc.	Manufacturer - Juvenile Furniture	285	2
Hartzell Propeller Inc.	Manufacturer - Aircraft Propellers	268	3
Crane Pumps & Systems	Manufacturer - Industrial Pumps	260	4
Westcon Industries	Industrial Construction	225	5
Jackson Tub Service	Manufacturer - Steel Tubing	160	6
Miami Valley Steel	Manufacturer - Steel Products	140	7
Nitto Denko Automotive Ohio Inc.	Manufacturer - Auto Industry Seals	122	8
Hartzell Fan Inc.	Manufacturer - Industrial Air Handlers	102	9
Hobart Brothers - Piqua FMO	Manufacturer - Welding Wire	94	10
Total		2,007	
Total Employment within the District	(1)	NA	

Sources: District Treasurer's Office

(1) Not Available

School District Employees by Type Last Ten Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Supervisory				
Instructional Administrators	4.00	3.00	2.00	2.00
Noninstructional Administrators	4.00	5.00	5.00	6.00
Consultants/Supervisors of Instruction	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Principals	8.00	8.00	10.00	5.00
Assistant Principals	3.00	3.00	3.00	7.00
Instruction				
Classroom Teachers:				
Kindergarten Center	11.00	12.00	13.00	13.00
Primary: Grades 1-3	43.00	43.00	45.00	45.00
Intermediate: Grades 4-6	42.00	42.00	41.00	41.00
Junior High School	24.00	23.00	22.00	25.00
High School	42.00	36.00	36.00	40.00
Student Services				
Guidance Counselors	5.00	4.00	3.00	7.00
Psychologists	2.50	2.50	3.00	3.00
Nurses	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Physical Education	6.00	6.00	5.00	5.00
Fine Arts	12.00	12.00	13.00	13.00
Support Services				
Clerical/Secretaries	21.00	21.00	21.00	22.00
EMIS Coordinator	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Food Service	25.00	27.00	27.00	30.00
Library Aides	8.00	8.00	8.00	9.00
Maintenance/Grounds	18.00	20.00	20.00	19.00
Parents as Teachers	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Transportation	21.00	21.00	20.00	20.00
Tutors/Aides	11.00	11.00	14.00	12.00
Technology	3.00	2.00	2.00	3.00
Total Employees	320.50	317.50	321.00	335.00

Method: 1.00 for each full-time, 0.50 for each part-time and 0.25 for each seasonal employee

Source: District Treasurer's Office

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
• 00	• 00	• 00	• • • •	• 00	• • • •
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
6.00	10.00	10.00	11.00	11.00	12.00
3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
16.00	14.00	14.00	13.00	13.00	13.00
46.00	45.00	46.00	48.00	49.00	47.00
44.00	44.00	44.00	44.00	43.00	45.00
24.00	26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00
41.00	44.00	43.00	45.00	43.00	45.00
8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	2.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
6.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	6.00	6.00
14.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00
23.00	22.00	21.00	19.00	18.00	18.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
31.00	31.00	30.00	34.00	32.00	31.00
9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	7.00
19.00	19.00	19.00	18.00	19.00	18.00
4.00	4.00	4.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
19.00	21.00	21.00	22.00	22.00	20.00
10.00	9.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	10.00
4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
346.00	353.00	356.00	361.00	355.00	348.00

Operating Indicators - Cost per Pupil Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Enrollment	3,705	3,604	3,534	3,502	3,492
Modified Accrual Basis					
Operating Expenditures	39,728,914	62,566,524	65,537,577	42,423,584	43,463,006
Cost per Pupil	10,723	17,360	18,545	12,114	12,446
Percentage of Change	2.1%	61.9%	6.8%	(34.68%)	2.7%
Accrual Basis					
Expenses	35,988,608	35,161,301	39,337,546	42,420,112	44,449,120
Cost per Pupil	9,714	9,756	11,131	12,113	12,729
Percentage of Change	(0.72%)	0.4%	14.1%	8.8%	5.1%
Teaching Staff	188	180	179	190	200

Source: District Treasurer's Office and Ohio Department of Education

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
3,480	3,456	3,418	3,366	3,350
46,181,178	47,305,302	48,685,665	49,409,925	57,065,019
13,270 6.6%	13,688 3.1%	14,244 4.1%	14,679 3.1%	17,034 16.0%
28,068,225	39,773,426	47,637,308	50,824,801	47,650,397
8,066	11,509	13,937	15,099	14,224
(36.64%)	42.7%	21.1%	8.3%	(5.80%)
200	202	205	199	204

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Governmental Activities				
Support Services				
Pupils				
Enrollment	3,705	3,604	3,534	3,502
Graduates	257	251	272	249
Percent of Students with Disabilities	14.50%	17.28%	15.19%	20.50%
Percent of Students with English as Second Language	0.0%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%
Administration				
School Attendance Rate	94.5%	94.9%	94.6%	94.7%
Operation and Maintenance of Plant				
District Square Footage Maintained	608,145	608,145	603,812	546,992
Pupil Transportation				
Average Daily Students Transported	1,971	1,834	2,180	2,259
Average Miles Driven per Day	1,704	1,505	1,576	1,663
Average Miles per Bus	14,605	12,900	12,895	12,240
Number of Buses	21	21	22	22
Business-Type Activities				
Food Service				
Student Meals Served Daily	2,145	1,934	1,895	1,893
Free/Reduced Price Meals Daily	1,531	1,437	1,353	1,363
Percentage of Free/Reduced Price Meals Daily	71.38%	74.30%	71.40%	72.00%
Student Breakfasts Served Daily	1,089	989	856	802
Free/Reduced Price Breakfasts Daily	946	875	735	700
Percentage of Free/Reduced Price Breakfasts Daily	86.87%	88.47%	85.87%	87.28%

Source: District Treasurer's Office

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
3,492	3,480	3,456	3,418	3,366	3,350
239	226	257	246	252	250
12.86%	12.20%	12.93%	14.00%	15.40%	16.88%
0.5%	0.1%	0.2%	0.7%	0.9%	1.2%
94.2%	93.9%	93.6%	97.7%	92.90%	93.43%
546,992	546,992	546,992	546,992	546,992	546,992
S . S, > 2	0.0,552	0.0,>>2	C . O, > > Z	0.0,222	5 .5,>> 2
1,850	1,947	1,836	2,040	1,512	1,540
1,490	1,637	1,810	1,773	1,759	1,830
12,771	14,031	15,514	10,175	12,772	13,891
21	21	21	23	23	22
1,904	1,985	1,948	1,940	1,907	2,203
1,323	1,304	1,269	1,277	1,907	1,370
69.49%	65.69%	65.14%	65.82%	100.00%	62.19%
764	890	879	912	2,184	1,460
658	729	698	723	2,184	1,356
86.13%	81.91%	79.41%	79.28%	100.00%	92.88%

Operating Indicators - Teacher Base Salaries Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
District Average Salary	53,947	53,151	54,812	56,696	58,210
County Average Salary	53,440	53,491	54,026	54,566	54,279
State Average Salary	57,966	57,635	55,242	57,154	58,690

Source: District Treasurer's Office and Ohio Department of Education

Operating Indicators - Teachers by Education Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Bachelor's Degree	13	14	17	21	26
Bachelor + 15	7	3	7	7	3
Bachelor + 30	17	20	13	12	16
Masters Degree	92	90	85	91	83
Masters Degree + 10	37	35	35	42	54
Masters Degree + 30	22	18	22	17	18
Total	188	180	179	190	200

Source: District Treasurer's Office

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
60,856	63,341	64,034	65,971	68,200
55,361	57,790	59,192	60,656	61,847
60,433	62,353	63,916	65,754	67,654

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
26	27	28	25	25
2	1	3	2	1
18	21	17	23	21
83	74	82	77	85
51	61	56	51	48
20	18	19	21	24
200	202	205	199	204

Capital Asset Statistics by Building Last Ten Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Secondary				
Piqua Senior High School				
Square Footage	185,375	185,375	186,244	186,244
Capacity (students)	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200
Enrollment	1,133	1,110	1,040	1,015
Piqua Junior High School				
Square Footage	126,000	126,000	113,159	113,159
Capacity (students)	800	800	800	800
Enrollment	554	525	548	539
Intermediate				
Bennett Intermediate School				
Square Footage	48,739	48,739	N/A	N/A
Capacity (students)	800	800	N/A	N/A
Enrollment	345	301	N/A	N/A
Wilder Intermediate School				
Square Footage	47,651	47,651	N/A	N/A
Capacity (students)	800	800	N/A	N/A
Enrollment	265	282	N/A	N/A
Washington Intermediate School				
Square Footage	35,523	35,523	N/A	N/A
Capacity (students)	360	360	N/A	N/A
Enrollment	256	293	N/A	N/A
Central Intermediate School				
Square Footage	N/A	N/A	105,579	105,579
Capacity (students)	N/A	N/A	859	859
Enrollment	N/A	N/A	822	818
Primary				
Favorite Hill Primary School				
Square Footage	40,366	40,366	N/A	N/A
Capacity (students)	400	400	N/A	N/A
Enrollment	321	298	N/A	N/A
High Street Primary School				
Square Footage	20,816	20,816	N/A	N/A
Capacity (students)	360	360	N/A	N/A
Enrollment	288	245	N/A	N/A

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
186,244	186,244	186,244	186,244	186,244	186,244
1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200
1,046	1,004	1,050	1,040	1,024	1,008
113,159	113,159	113,159	113,159	113,159	113,159
800	800	800	800	800	800
557	567	531	508	514	510
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
105,579	105,579	105,579	105,579	105,579	105,579
859	859	859	859	859	859
797	794	800	805	762	738
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
					(Continued)

Capital Asset Statistics by Building Last Ten Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Springcreek Primary School (Old)				
Square Footage	25,326	25,326	N/A	N/A
Capacity (students)	360	360	N/A	N/A
Enrollment	266	277	N/A	N/A
Springcreek Primary School (New)				
Square Footage	N/A	N/A	71,000	71,005
Capacity (students)	N/A	N/A	600	600
Enrollment	N/A	N/A	541	556
Nicklin Avenue Learning Center				
Square Footage	21,519	21,519	N/A	N/A
Capacity (students)	375	375	N/A	N/A
Enrollment	277	273	N/A	N/A
Washington Primary School				
Square Footage	N/A	N/A	71,000	71,005
Capacity (students)	N/A	N/A	600	600
Enrollment	N/A	N/A	583	574
All Other				
Central Administration Building				
Square Footage	13,830	13,830	13,830	13,830
Transportation Building (1)				
Square Footage	16,000	16,000	16,000	16,000
Maintenance Building (1)				
Square Footage	27,000	27,000	27,000	27,000

Source: District Treasurer's Office

Central Intermediate, Springcreek Primary, and Washington Primary were constructed in fiscal year 2015.

(1) Relocated to high school in fiscal year 2020.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
71,005	71,005	71,005	71,005	71,005	71,005
600	600	600	600	600	600
513	554	503	522	498	535
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
71,005	71,005	71,005	71,005	71,005	71,005
600	600	600	600	600	600
579	561	572	543	568	559
13,830	9,138	9,138	9,138	9,138	9,138
16,000	16,000	16,000	0	0	0
27,000	27,000	27,000	0	0	0

Educational and Operating Statistics Last Ten Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Cost per Student (ODE)				
Piqua (1)	9,475	9,554	10,928	9,553
Ohio (Average) (1)	10,149	10,357	9,904	9,837
Attendance Rate				
Piqua	94.50%	94.90%	94.60%	94.70%
Ohio (Average) (1)	94.20%	94.30%	94.10%	94.10%
Graduation Rate				
Piqua	88.50%	88.50%	90.40%	85.90%
Ohio (Average) (1)	82.20%	82.20%	83.00%	83.00%

Source:

District's Student Records and Ohio Department of Education

(1) ODE calculation is not based on GAAP financial reports.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
9,968	9,776	10,032	10,319	10,721	10,705
9,149	9,356	9,724	9,883	10,336	11,246
94.20%	93.90%	93.60%	97.70%	92.90%	93.43%
93.90%	93.70%	93.50%	94.90%	91.50%	90.40%
87.50%	90.70%	90.80%	88.20%	89.50%	90.60%
83.50%	84.10%	85.90%	87.20%	87.00%	N/A

